

# Life and Performance of GS Yuasa's Generation 4 Lithium-ion Chemistry for Space Applications

2023 Space Power Workshop

April 25-27, 2023



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Go Honda, Yui Sakamoto, Masazumi Segawa - GYT

## GS (Japan Storage Battery)



**Inventor's spirit**  
contribute to society  
by developing high  
quality products

Founder of Japan  
Storage Battery Co., Ltd.  
Genzo Shimadzu



**Contributing to the steady supply of  
electric power and the development  
of public infrastructure**

1900s  
Manufacture of large-capacity storage  
batteries for auxiliary power



**Challenging spirit**  
develop new  
businesses ahead of  
time

Founder of Yuasa Storage  
Battery Co., Ltd.  
Shichizaemon Yuasa

## YUASA (Yuasa Corporation)



**Contributing to the development  
of the automotive industry**

1910s  
Manufacture of automotive lead-acid batteries



## Ushering in a new EV era

2000s  
Supply of lithium-ion batteries for  
the i-MiEV, the world's first mass-  
produced EV



Honda "FIT HYBRID"



Mitsubishi Motors "Eclipse Cross PHEV"

2010s  
Supply of lithium-ion batteries for PHEVs  
to Mitsubishi Motors Corporation

## Contributing to electrification of Japanese automakers

2010s  
Supply of lithium-ion batteries for  
HEVs to Honda Motor Co., Ltd.



TOYOTA "Harrier"

2020s  
Supply of lithium-ion batteries for  
HEVs to Toyota Motor Corporation

## Contributing to the promotion of clean energy



2000s  
Development of renewable energy  
storage systems



## Contributing to the realization of decarbonized society

2020s  
Delivery of a world-class  
storage battery facility for  
wind power generation

2004  
**Corporate  
Merger**

## Supporting the development of aircrafts



2000s  
Receiving orders of lithium-ion battery  
system for Boeing 787 in the U.S.

## Support safety from deep sea to outer space under harsh conditions



2010s  
Installation of lithium-ion batteries on  
the International Space Station



2010s  
Mass production of Japan's first  
lithium-ion batteries for submarines

**For the  
next  
100 years**

# GS Yuasa Aerospace and Specialty Battery Groups



## GS Yuasa Technology Ltd. "GYT"

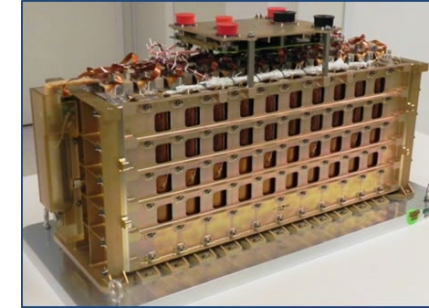


- Research, development, manufacturing, test, and sales of specialty cells and batteries for:
  - Aerospace
  - Undersea
  - Defense and Security
- ISO9001 & JISQ9100 certified
- Headquarters and located in Kyoto, Japan

## GS Yuasa Lithium Power, Inc. "GYLP"



- Primary channel for GS Yuasa Li-ion energy storage technologies and solutions for North American aerospace and defense applications.
- Engineering, sales, service, manufacturing, program management, logistics and export compliance
- ISO9001 & AS9100 certified
- Incorporated in the state of Georgia, US Company



**RECIPROCAL DEFENSE PROCUREMENT MOU**

June 2016, extended through June 2031

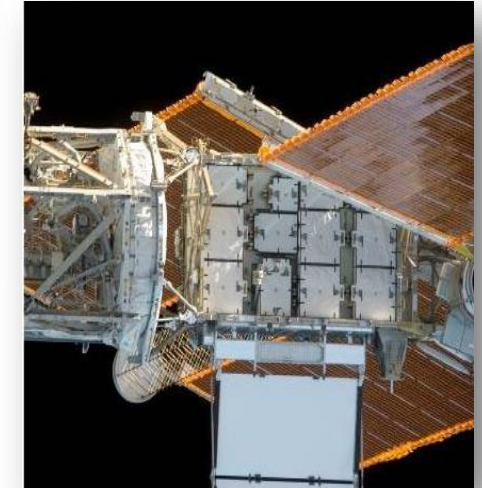
# **GS Yuasa LSE Li-ion Cell for Space Overview**

# GS Yuasa Space Flight Heritage Update



## GS Yuasa is a world leader in Li-ion energy storage for space vehicles

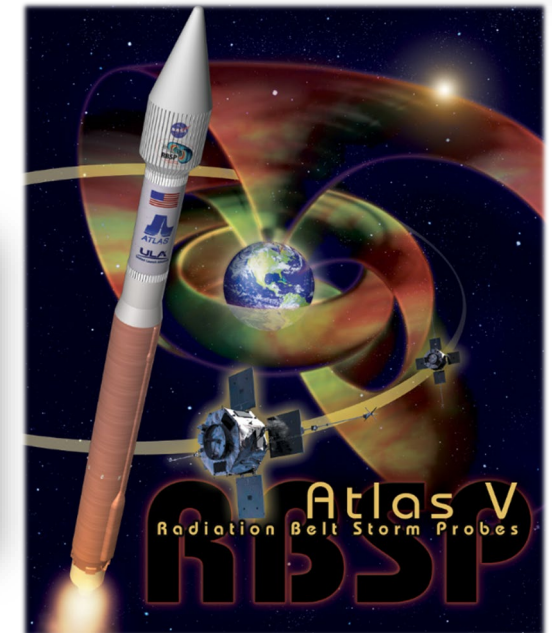
Number of satellites.....	234+
- LEO/MEO.....	108+
- GEO.....	124
- Interplanetary.....	2+
1 <sup>st</sup> satellite on-orbit.....	Servis 1 (30 Oct. 2003)
Longest satellite on-orbit (yrs).....	>18yr (IPSTAR, 11 Aug. 2005) still operational
Li-ion Watt-hours flown in space.....	>4.69 MWh (world leader)
Cell-hours flown in space.....	>573 million hours
Space cell qualification programs.....	>27
Cell sizes (Ah) flown.....	35; 50; 55; 100; 102; 110; 134; 145; 175; 190; 200
Performance to date.....	No failures
Backlog (Wh).....	>1.20 MWh



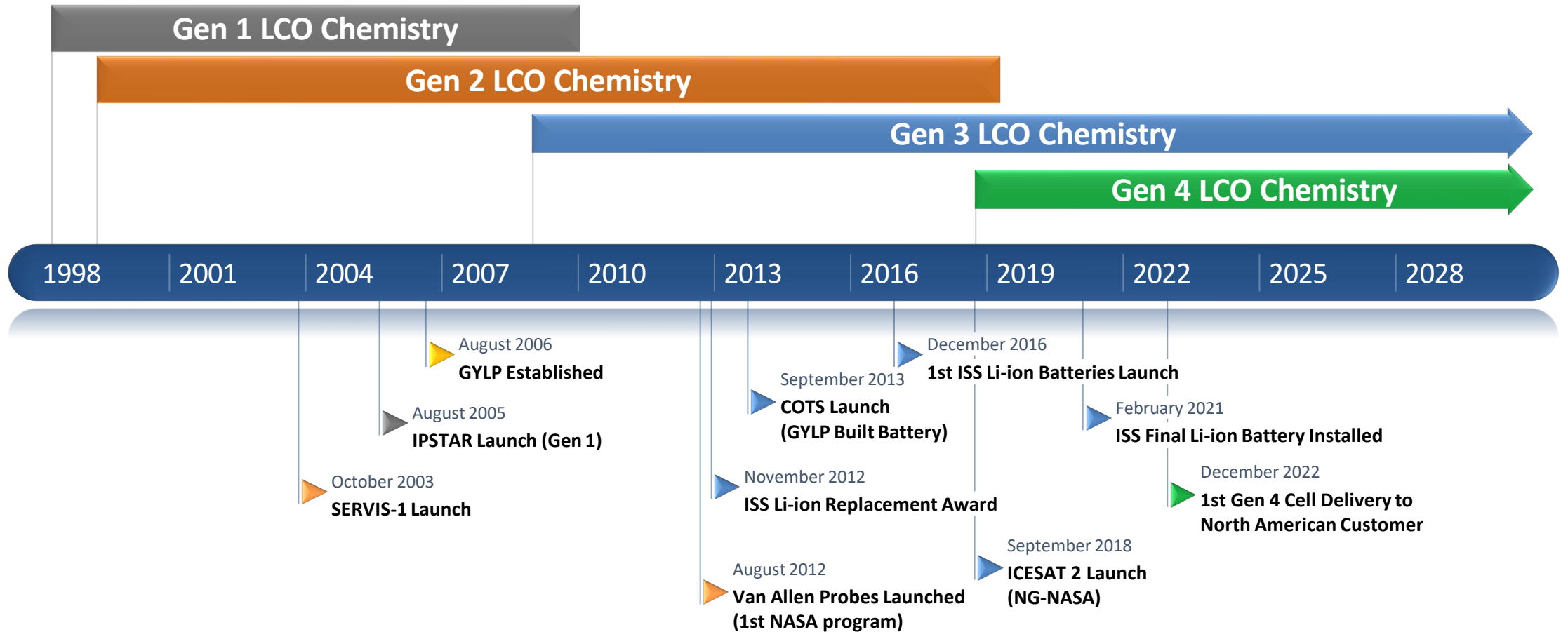
## Launch vehicles & number of satellites

Ariane-5ECA	51	Soyuz-STB Fregat-MT	17	Epsilon	6
Falcon 9	27	Antares 120, 230, 230+	15	Zenit-3	5
H-2A-20x	28	H-2B-304	13	Others	10
Proton-M Briz-M	29	Atlas 5 (401)	7		
Soyuz	27	Atlas 5 (421,431,551)	6		

Metrics updated February 2023



# Timeline of GS Yuasa Space Chemistry



**GS Yuasa has demonstrated the ability to maintain configuration and control over the material sources for 15+years thanks to strong relationship with the suppliers of the materials.**

# Generation 4 LCO/Graphite Space Cell



- Generation 4 Cells (2019) - Improvements to Generation 3 LCO/Graphite chemistry increase energy density while maintaining superb capacity retention and suppression of DCR growth.
  - Energy and Power optimized electrode optimizations will be available.



	160 Ah Generation 4	145 Ah Generation 3
<b>Dimensions / mm</b>	H 263* W 130 T 50	H 263* W 130 T 50
<b>EoCV / V</b>	4.10	4.10
<b>Capacity / Ah</b> (Rated) (Actual)	160 178	145 161
<b>Discharge Voltage / V</b>	3.72	3.70
<b>Mass / kg</b>	3.69	3.55
<b>Specific energy / Wh/kg</b>	180	168

\*Excluding terminal studs

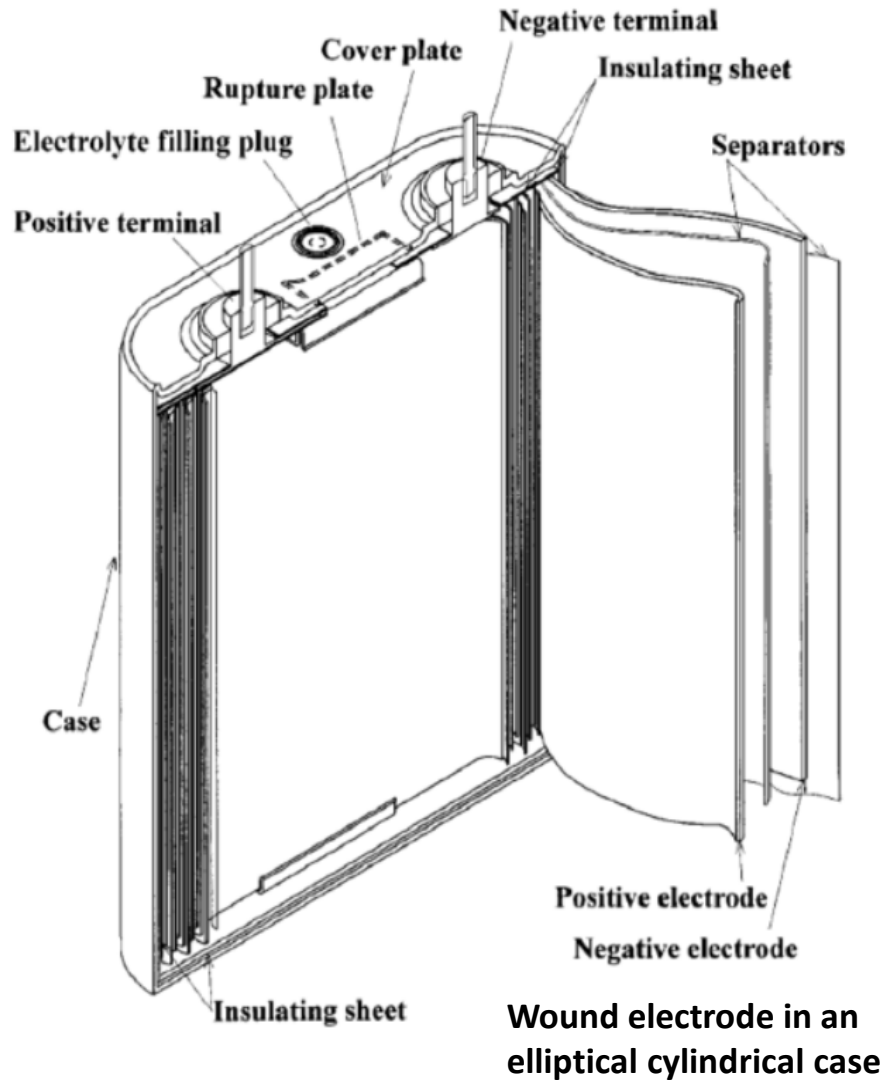


ETS-9 (JAXA)

*Minimum Design Changes Since 1999; Enhancements Only*

# LSE Cell Basic Shape

Over 25 years of outstanding performance




The LSE cell portfolio consists of various sizes of Li-ion cells. All cells share the same primary features: Al-case, wound-prismatic construction, ceramic terminals, LCO chemistry. All are manufactured in Kyoto, Japan on the same equipment and using the same basic processes. The portfolio can be viewed as a single fundamental cell technology, configurable in height, width and thickness.

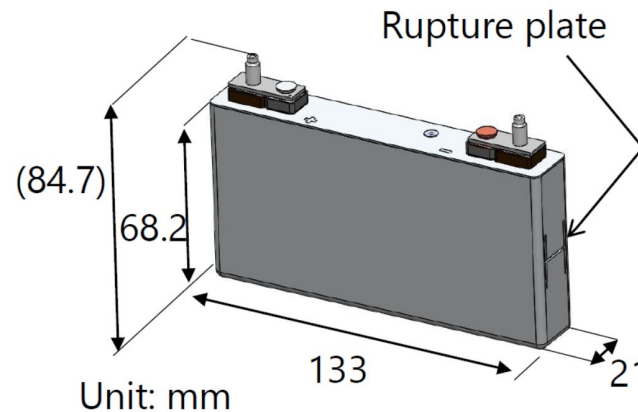
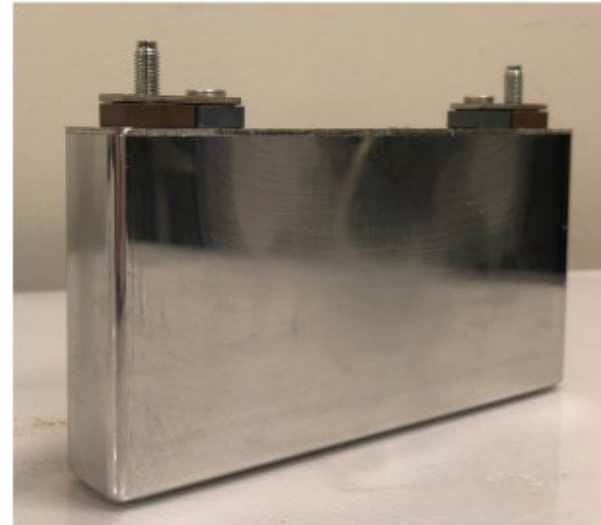
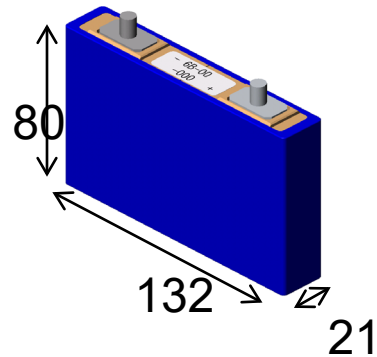
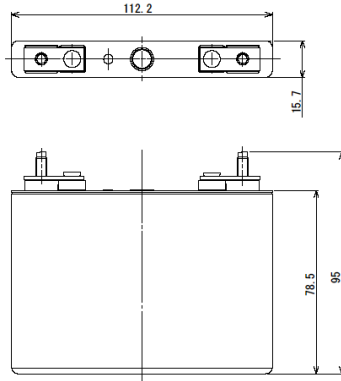


# LSE12x Cell Case

Fusion of Aviation and Automotive Cells



 **Blue Energy**  
- EH5 Ultra high power cell for Honda/Acura hybrids



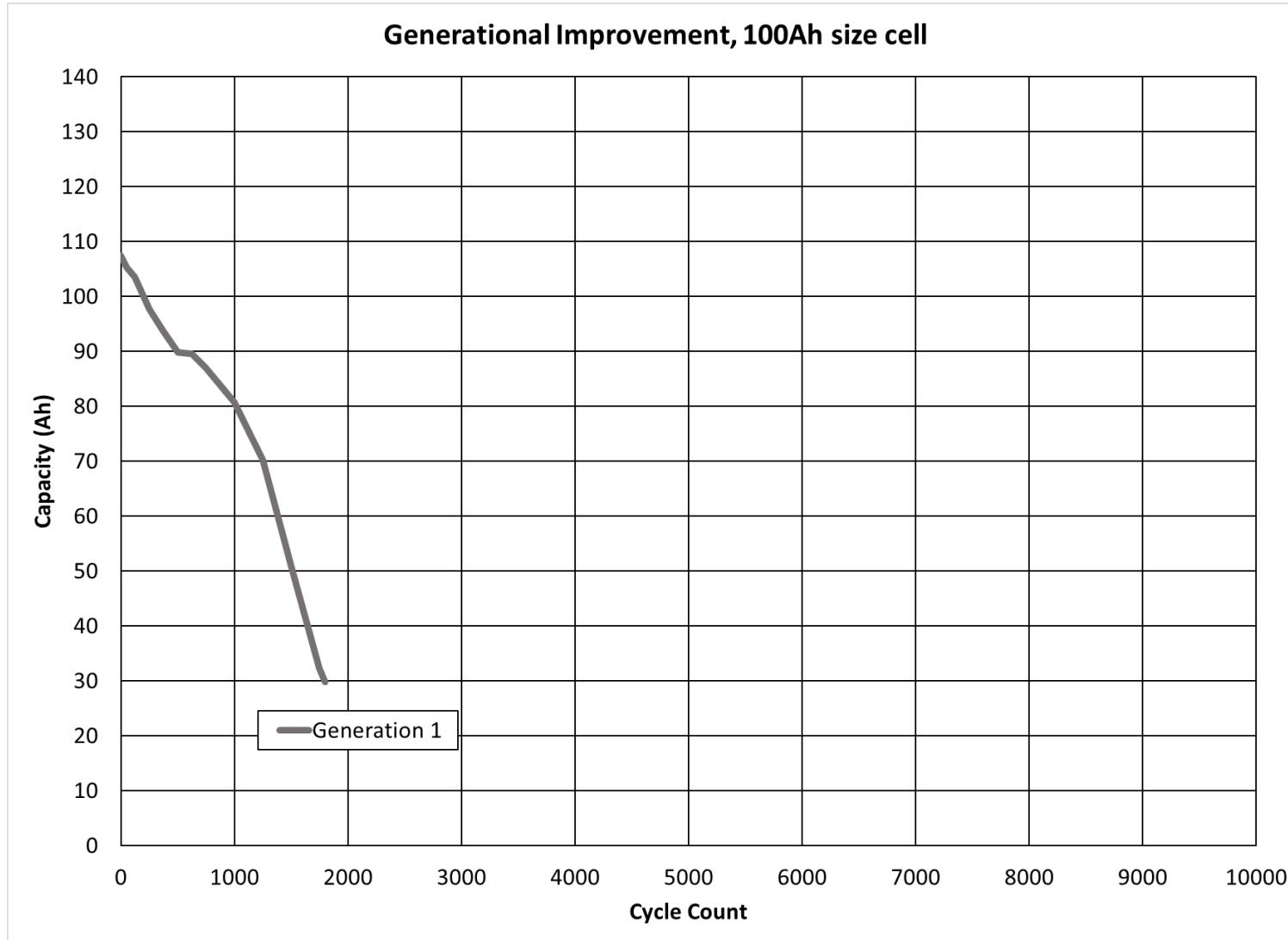
- LVP10 Cell for Aviation Applications

- Inspired by mature commercial cell designs; Enhanced for space
  - Case neutral design
  - Radiation hardened
  - Hermetically sealed
- Power optimized Gen 4 chemistry suitable for all space vehicles

株式会社 ジーエス・ユアサ テクノロジー  
**GS Yuasa Technology Ltd.**

# Evolution of GS Yuasa LiCoO<sub>2</sub>, 100% DOD

100Ah Class Cell, Energy Type



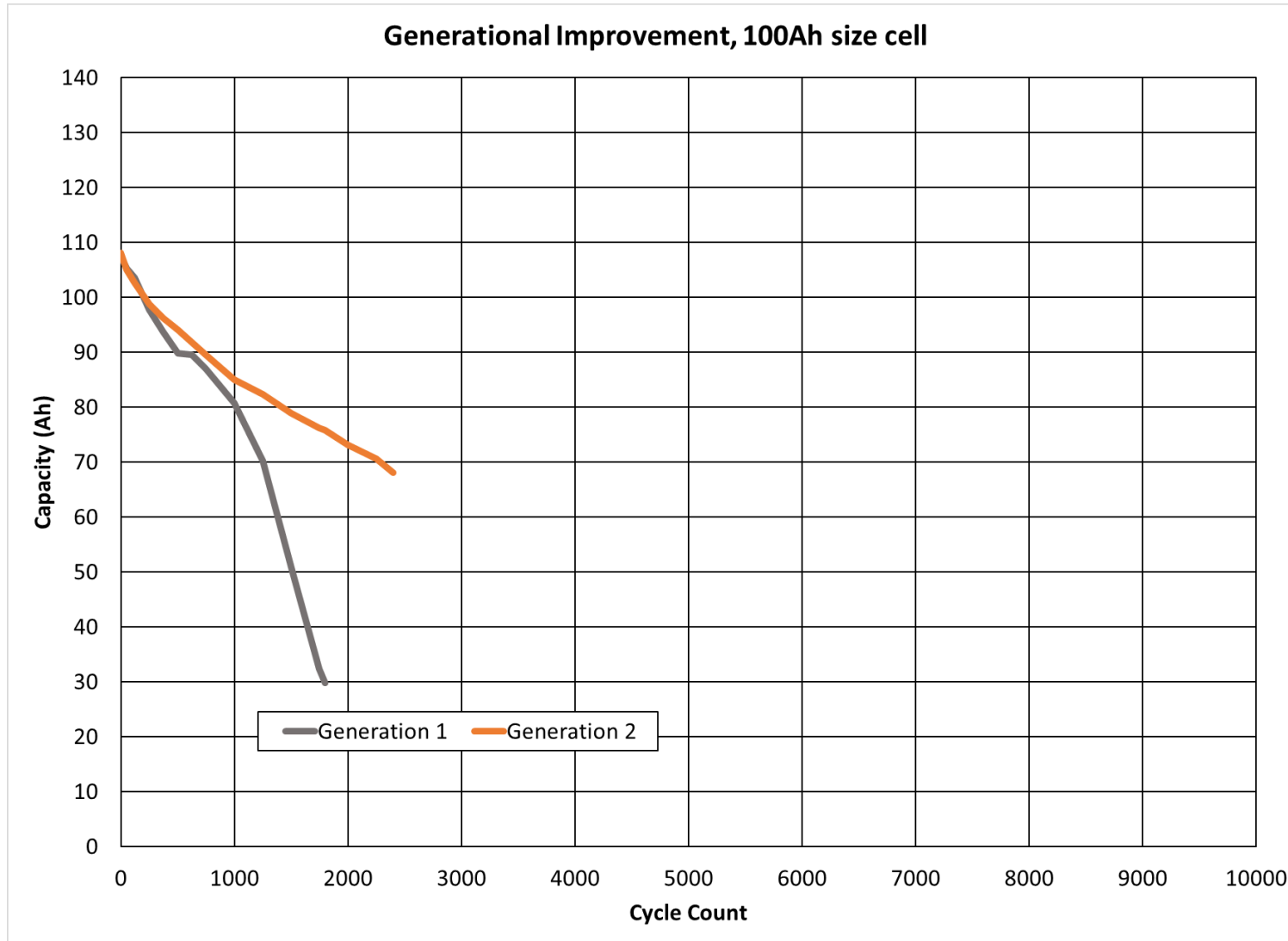
Cell	Nominal BOL Ah Capacity	EoCV	BOL Wh/Kg	
Gen1	LSE100	107	3.98	141

Width	Thick	Height*
130	50	208



# Evolution of GS Yuasa LiCoO<sub>2</sub>, 100% DOD

100Ah Class Cell, Energy Type



	Cell	Nominal BOL Ah Capacity	EoCV	BOL Wh/Kg
Gen1	LSE100	107	3.98	141
Gen2	LSE100	109	3.98	144

Width	Thick	Height*
130	50	208

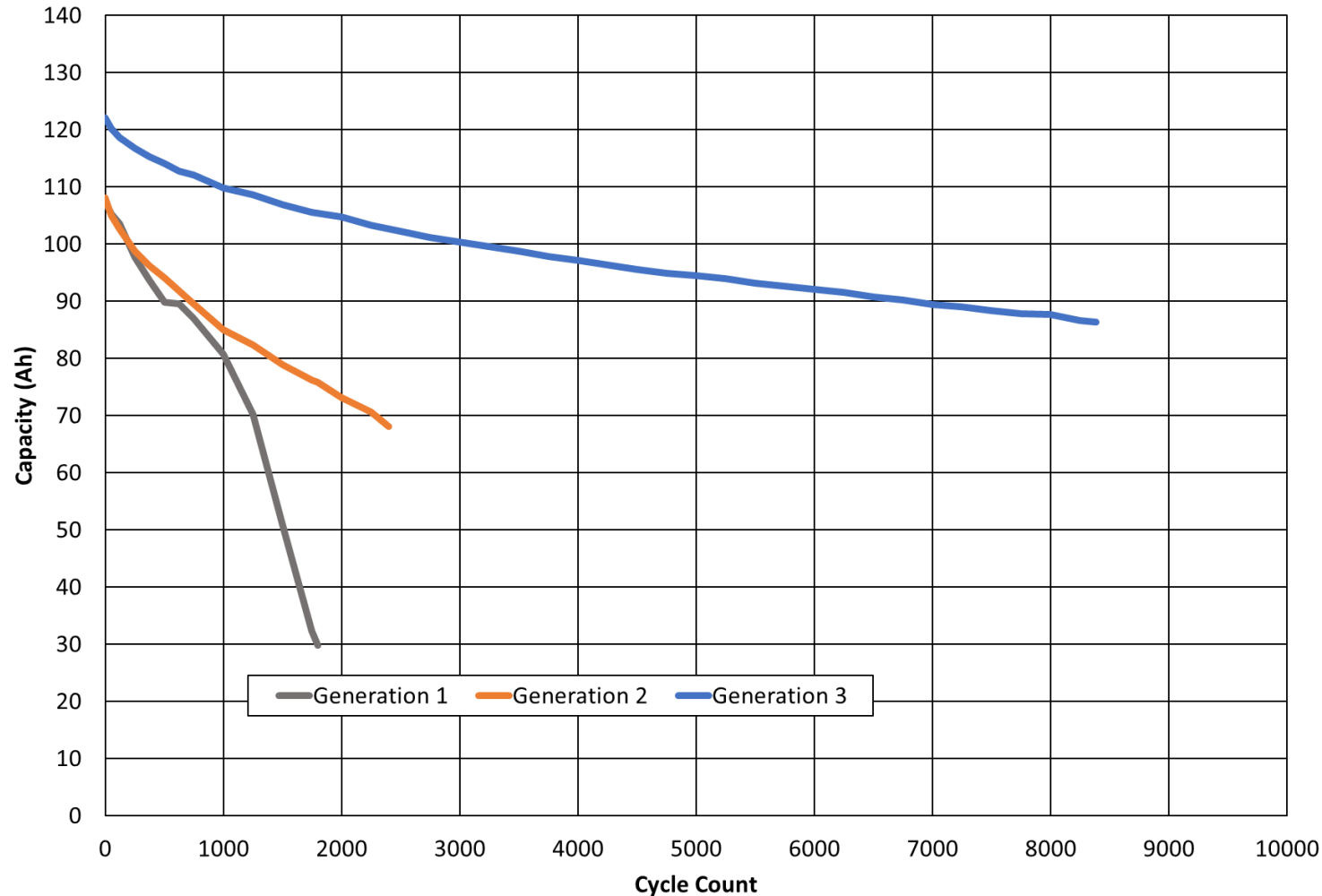


# Evolution of GS Yuasa LiCoO<sub>2</sub>, 100% DOD

100Ah Class Cell, Energy Type



Generational Improvement, 100Ah size cell



Cell	Nominal BOL Ah Capacity	EoCV	BOL Wh/Kg	
Gen1	LSE100	107	3.98	141
Gen2	LSE100	109	3.98	144
Gen3	LSE110	122	4.1	165

Width	Thick	Height*
130	50	208

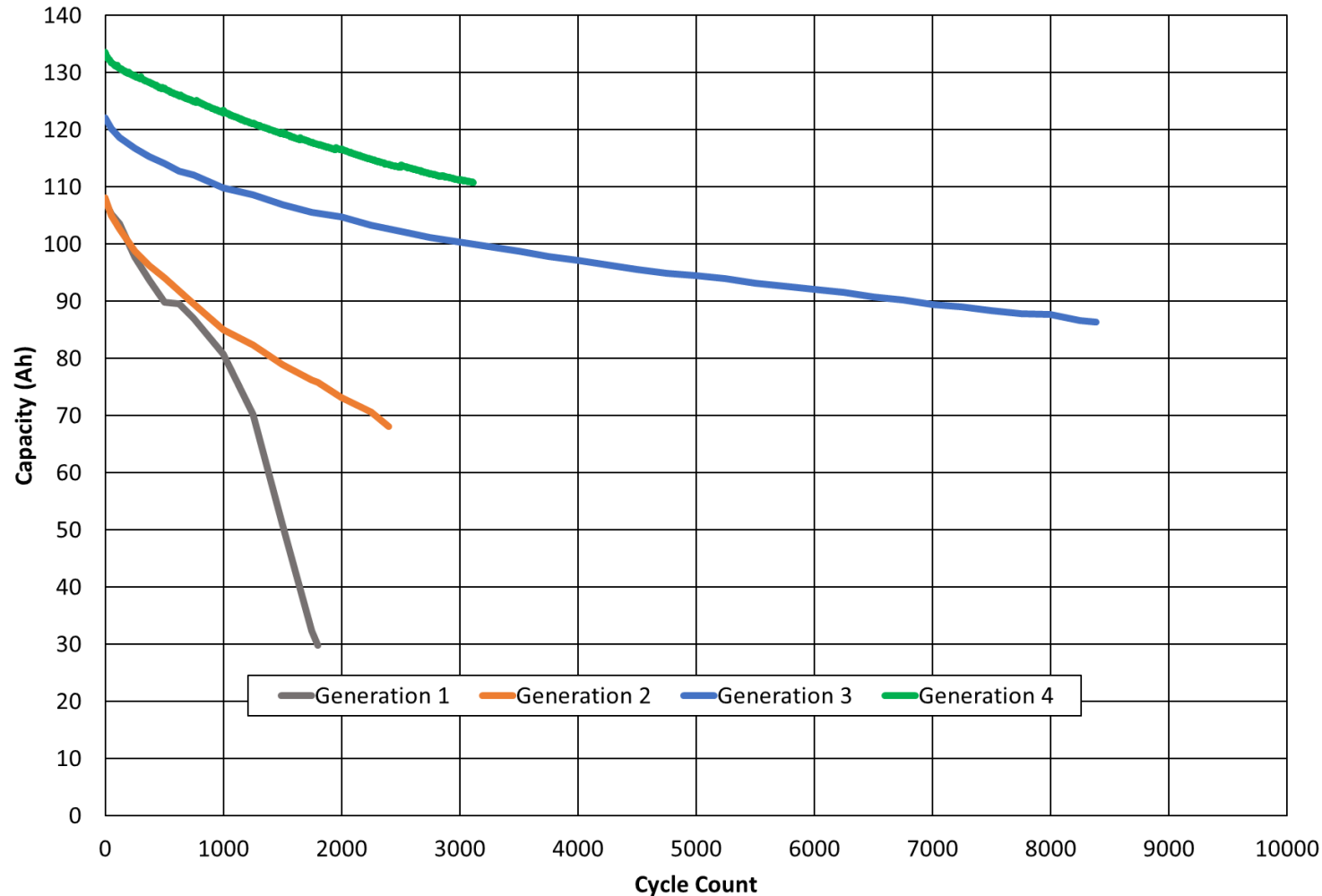


# Evolution of GS Yuasa LiCoO<sub>2</sub>, 100% DOD

100Ah Class Cell, Energy Type



Generational Improvement, 100Ah size cell



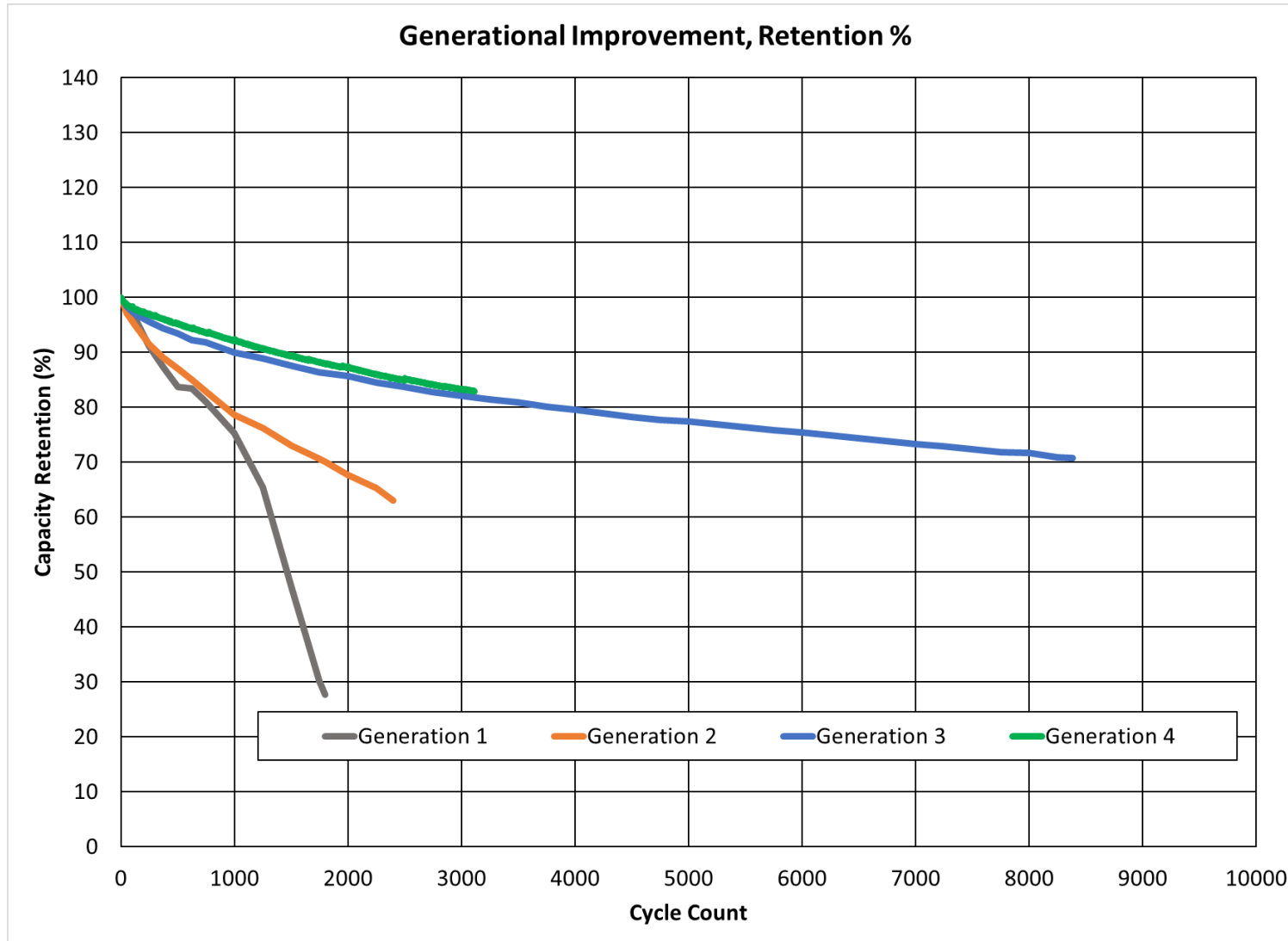
	Cell	Nominal BOL Ah Capacity	EoCV	BOL Wh/Kg
Gen1	LSE100	107	3.98	141
Gen2	LSE100	109	3.98	144
Gen3	LSE110	122	4.1	165
Gen4	LSE122	132	4.1	175

Width	Thick	Height*
130	50	208



# Evolution of GS Yuasa LiCoO<sub>2</sub>, 100% DOD

100Ah Class Cell, Energy Type



	Cell	Nominal BOL Ah Capacity	EoCV	BOL Wh/Kg
Gen1	LSE100	107	3.98	141
Gen2	LSE100	109	3.98	144
Gen3	LSE110	122	4.1	165
Gen4	LSE122	132	4.1	175

Width	Thick	Height*
130	50	208



# **Generation 4**

## **Qualification Status and Life Performance**

# Gen IV LSE Cell Configurations & Qualification Status



The available LSE cell form factors will remain constant with 5 cell sizes available. GS Yuasa has manufactured >17,000 “LSE” cells for space applications totaling more than >6.85MWh of energy storage for this design.

Naming convention is the prefix “LSE” followed by the nameplate capacity. All C-rates are in reference to this nameplate capacity.

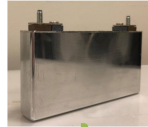


Cell Configuration	Chemistry				Dimensions		
	Gen 3		Gen 4		Width	Thick	Height*
	Energy	Power	Energy	Power			
				LSE12x	133	21	68.2
	LSE42	LSE38	<i>TBD</i>	<i>TBD</i>	98	37	151
	LSE55	LSE51	LSE60	LSE56	130	50	123
	LSE110	LSE102	LSE120	LSE112	130	50	208
	LSE145	LSE134	LSE160	LSE147	130	50	263
	LSE190	--	LSE205	<i>TBD</i>	165	50	263

\*not including terminal posts



# Gen IV LSE Cell Configurations & Qualification Status



Configuration Qualified

Qualification by Similarity

Configuration Qualified, QT data property of US Government

Engineering model cells on test

Cell Configuration	Chemistry				Dimensions		
	Gen 3		Gen 4		Width	Thick	Height*
	Energy	Power	Energy	Power			
			LSE12x		133	21	68.2
	LSE42	LSE38	TBD	TBD	98	37	151
	LSE55	LSE51	LSE60	LSE56	130	50	123
	LSE110	LSE102	LSE122	LSE112	130	50	208
	LSE145	LSE134	LSE160	LSE147	130	50	263
	LSE190	--	LSE205	TBD	165	50	263

\*not including terminal posts

Test Name.	Cell Type	Test Conditions						Ambient Test Temp	Number of Cycles	Remark
		Charge Condition (CCCV unless noted)			Discharge Condition					
		EoCV	Rate	Time	EoDV	Rate	Time			
<b>Energy Cell Testing</b>										
100% DoD Cycling	LSE160	4.10V	80A	4.0hr	2.75V	100A	N/A	25°C	4,500	
80% DOD GEO	LSE160	4.10V	32A	10.8hr	N/A	107A	1.2hr	15°C	2,500	Cont. Deep DoD GEO Cycle
60% DoD GEO	LSE160	4.10V	32A	10.8hr	N/A	80A	1.2hr	15°C	2,100	Nominal DoD GEO Cycle
40% DoD LEO	LSE160	4.10V	80A	1.0hr	N/A	120A	0.53Hr	15°C	16,000	Deep DOD LEO Cycle
25% DoD LEO	LSE160	4.10V	48A	1.0hr	N/A	80A	0.5Hr	15°C	16,000	Nominal DOD LEO Cycle
<b>Power Cell Testing</b>										
100% DoD Cycling	LSE112	4.10V	56A	4.0hr	2.75V	100A	N/A	25°C	4,500	
40% DoD LEO	LSE112	4.10V	56A	1.0hr	N/A	89.6A	0.5hr	20°C	19,500	Deep LEO Cycle
25% DoD LEO	LSE112	4.10V	56A	1.0hr	N/A	89.6A	0.5hr	20°C	19,500	Deep LEO Cycle
40%,50% ,60% and 70% DoD LEO	LSE12x	4.10V	Various	1.0Hr	N/A	Various	0.5hr	15°C	15000+	Ultra Deep DOD LEO Cycling

*Above table is not a comprehensive list of all life cycle testing available. Please contact GYLP to request.*

Test Name.	Cell Type	Test Conditions						Ambient Test Temp	Number of Cycles	Remark
		Charge Condition (CCCV unless noted)			Discharge Condition					
		EoCV	Rate	Time	EoDV	Rate	Time			
<b>Energy Cell Testing</b>										
100% DoD Cycling	LSE160	4.10V	80A	4.0hr	2.75V	100A	N/A	25°C	4,500	
80% DOD GEO	LSE160	4.10V	32A	10.8hr	N/A	107A	1.2hr	15°C	2,500	Cont. Deep DoD GEO Cycle
60% DoD GEO	LSE160	4.10V	32A	10.8hr	N/A	80A	1.2hr	15°C	2,100	Nominal DoD GEO Cycle
40% DoD LEO	LSE160	4.10V	80A	1.0hr	N/A	120A	0.53Hr	15°C	16,000	Deep DOD LEO Cycle
25% DoD LEO	LSE160	4.10V	48A	1.0hr	N/A	80A	0.5Hr	15°C	16,000	Nominal DOD LEO Cycle
<b>Power Cell Testing</b>										
100% DoD Cycling	LSE112	4.10V	56A	4.0hr	2.75V	100A	N/A	25°C	4,500	
40% DoD LEO	LSE112	4.10V	56A	1.0hr	N/A	89.6A	0.5hr	20°C	19,500	Deep LEO Cycle
25% DoD LEO	LSE112	4.10V	56A	1.0hr	N/A	89.6A	0.5hr	20°C	19,500	Deep LEO Cycle
40%,50% ,60% and 70% DoD LEO	LSE12x	4.10V	Various	1.0Hr	N/A	Various	0.5hr	15°C	15000+	Ultra Deep DOD LEO Cycling

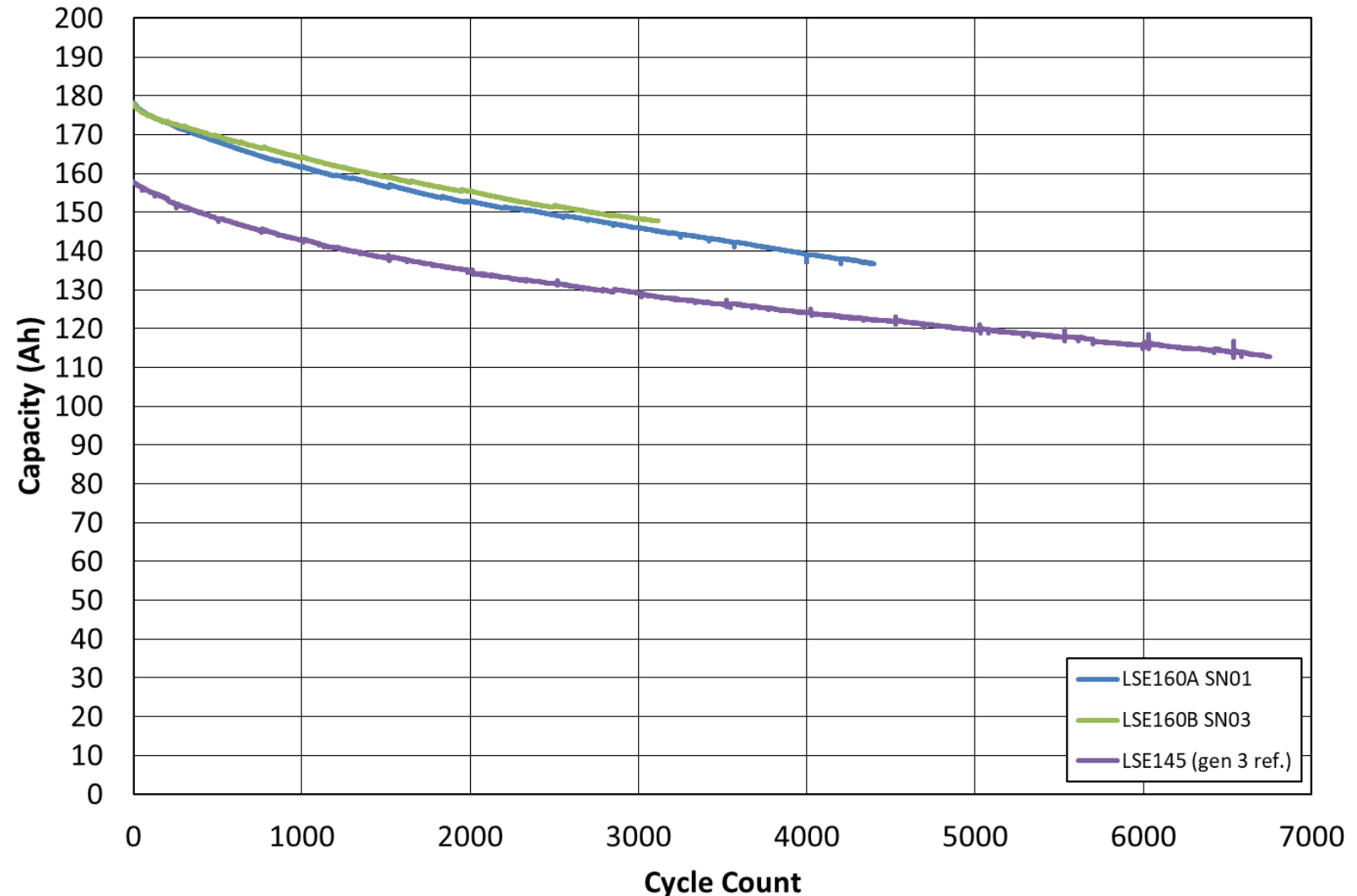
*Above table is not a comprehensive list of all life cycle testing available. Please contact GYLP to request.*

# LSE160 – 100% DOD Cycle Life

Generation 4 Energy Type



### LSE160 - 100% DOD Cycle Capacity Retention



Generation 4 provides  
~10% Ah increase from  
Generation 3 with similar  
retention characteristics

# LSE160 – 100% DOD Cycle Life

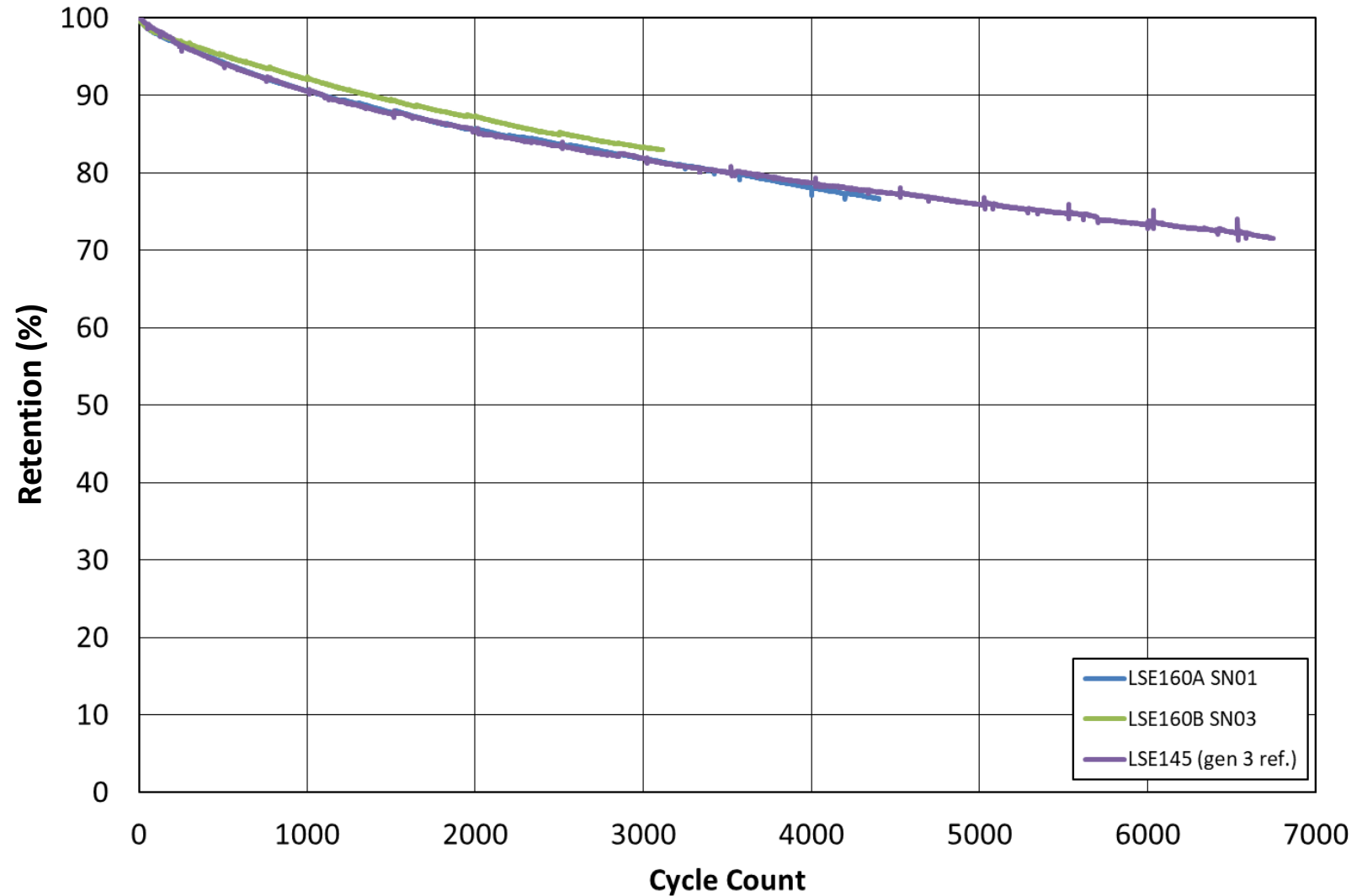
Generation 4 Energy Type



Test Conditions						Ambient Test Temp
Charge Condition (CCCV unless noted)			Discharge Condition			
EoCV	Rate	Time	EoDV	Rate	Time	
4.10V	80A (0.5C)	4hr	2.75V	100A	N/A	25°C

Generation 4 provides ~10% Ah increase from Generation 3 with similar retention characteristics

### LSE160 - 100% DOD Cycle Capacity Retention



# LSE160 – 80% DOD Cycle Life (GEO)



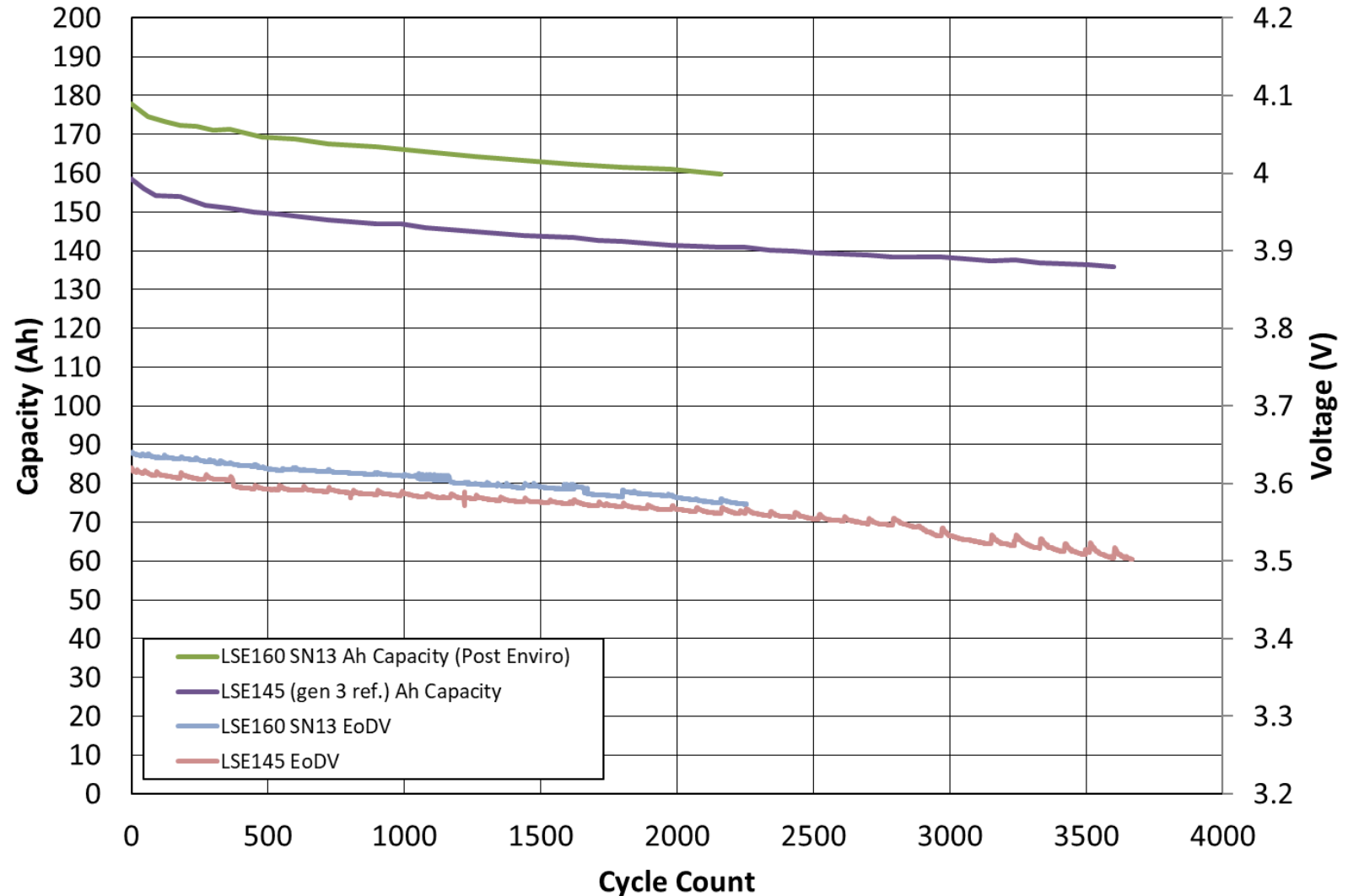
Generation 4 Energy Type

Test Conditions						Ambient Test Temp
Charge Condition (CCCV unless noted)			Discharge Condition			
EoCV	Rate	Time	EoDV	Rate	Time	
4.10V	32A (0.2C)	10.8hr	N/A	107A (0.67C)	1.2hr	15°C

Accelerated 80% DOD GEO cycling profile.  
2 cycles per day with no solstice periods.

Cycle count already exceeds typical 15 year GEO profile

### LSE160 - 80% DOD Cycle Capacity Retention



# LSE160 – 80% DOD Cycle Life (GEO)



Generation 4 Energy Type

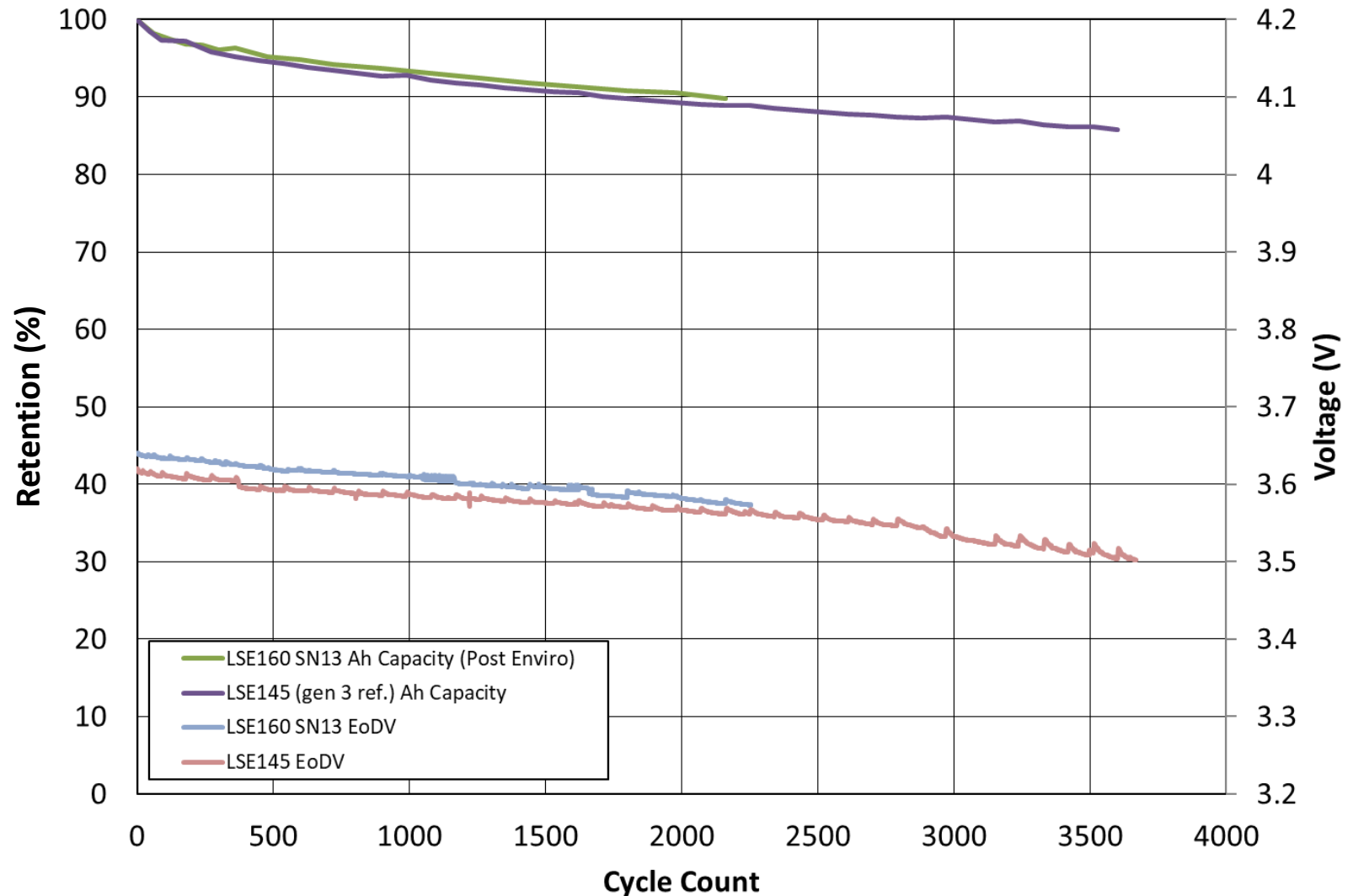
Test Conditions						Ambient Test Temp
Charge Condition (CCCV unless noted)			Discharge Condition			
EoCV	Rate	Time	EoDV	Rate	Time	
4.10V	32A (0.2C)	10.8hr	N/A	107A (0.67C)	1.2hr	15°C

Accelerated 80% DOD GEO Cycle profile.

2 cycles per day with no solstice periods.

Cycle count already exceeds typical 15 year GEO profile

### LSE160 - 80% DOD Cycle Capacity Retention



# LSE160 – 60% DOD Cycle Life (GEO)



Generation 4 Energy Type

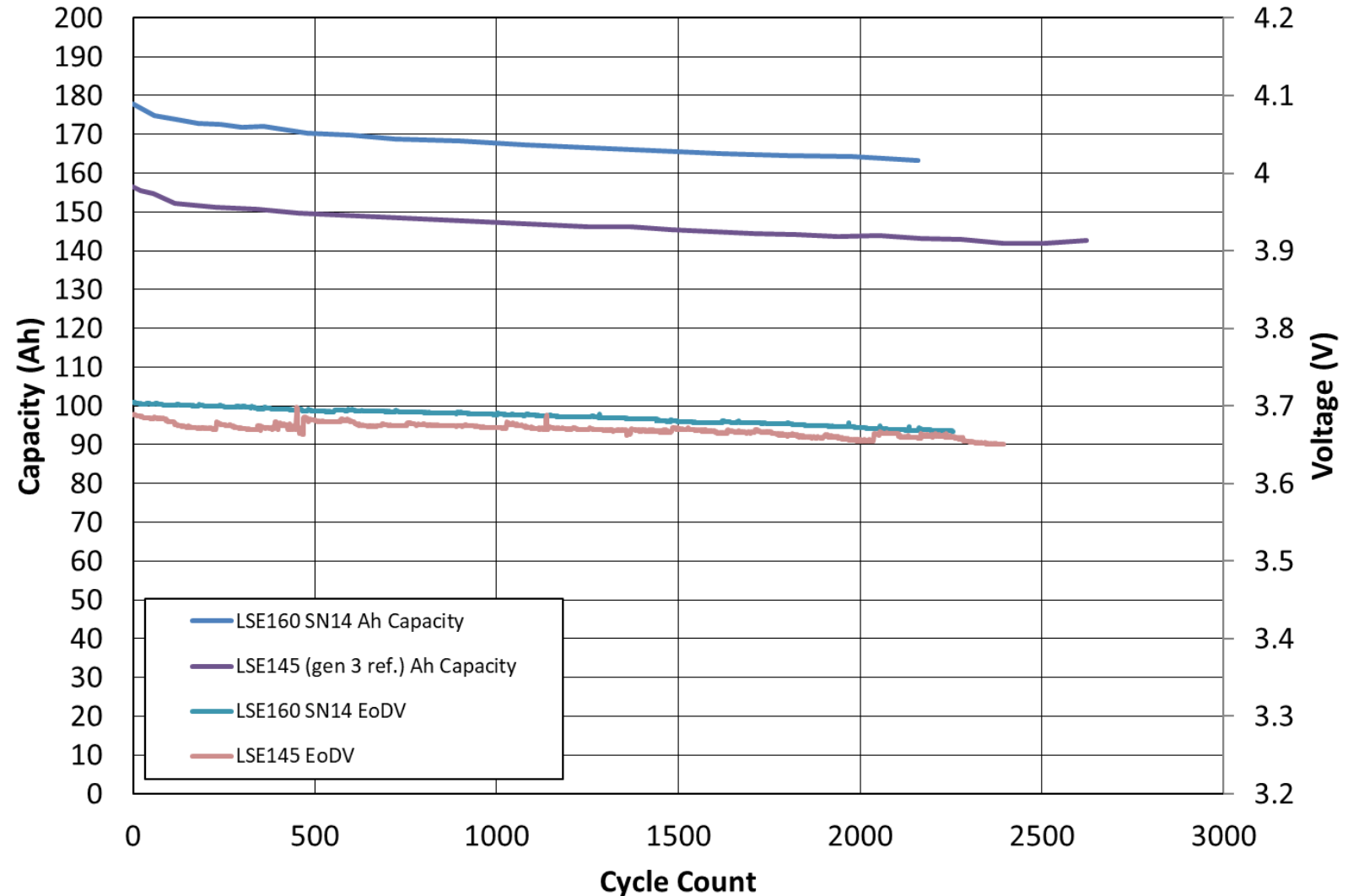
Test Conditions						Ambient Test Temp
Charge Condition (CCCV unless noted)			Discharge Condition			
EoCV	Rate	Time	EoDV	Rate	Time	
4.10V	32A (0.5C)	10.8hr	N/A	80A (0.5C)	1.2hr	15°C

Accelerated 60% DOD GEO Cycle profile.

2 cycles per day with no solstice periods.

Cycle count already exceeds typical 15 year GEO profile

### LSE160 - 60% DOD Cycle Capacity Retention





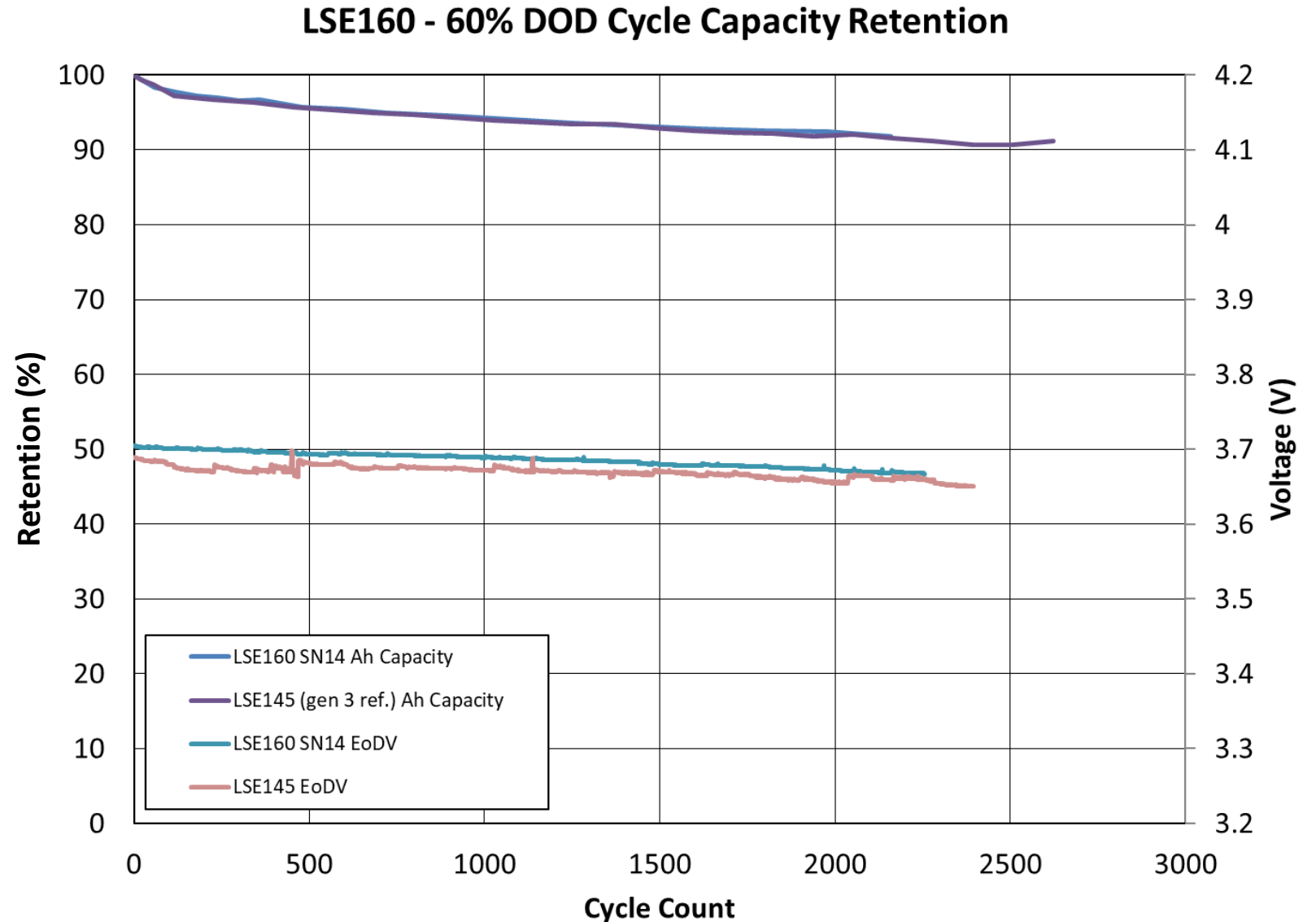
# LSE160 – 60% DOD Cycle Life (GEO)



Generation 4 Energy Type

Test Conditions						Ambient Test Temp
Charge Condition (CCCV unless noted)			Discharge Condition			
EoCV	Rate	Time	EoDV	Rate	Time	
4.10V	32A (0.5C)	10.8hr	N/A	80A (0.5C)	1.2hr	15°C

Continuous cycling between 60% and 80% DOD show no adverse effects on Gen 4 performance.



# LSE112 – 100% DOD Cycle Life

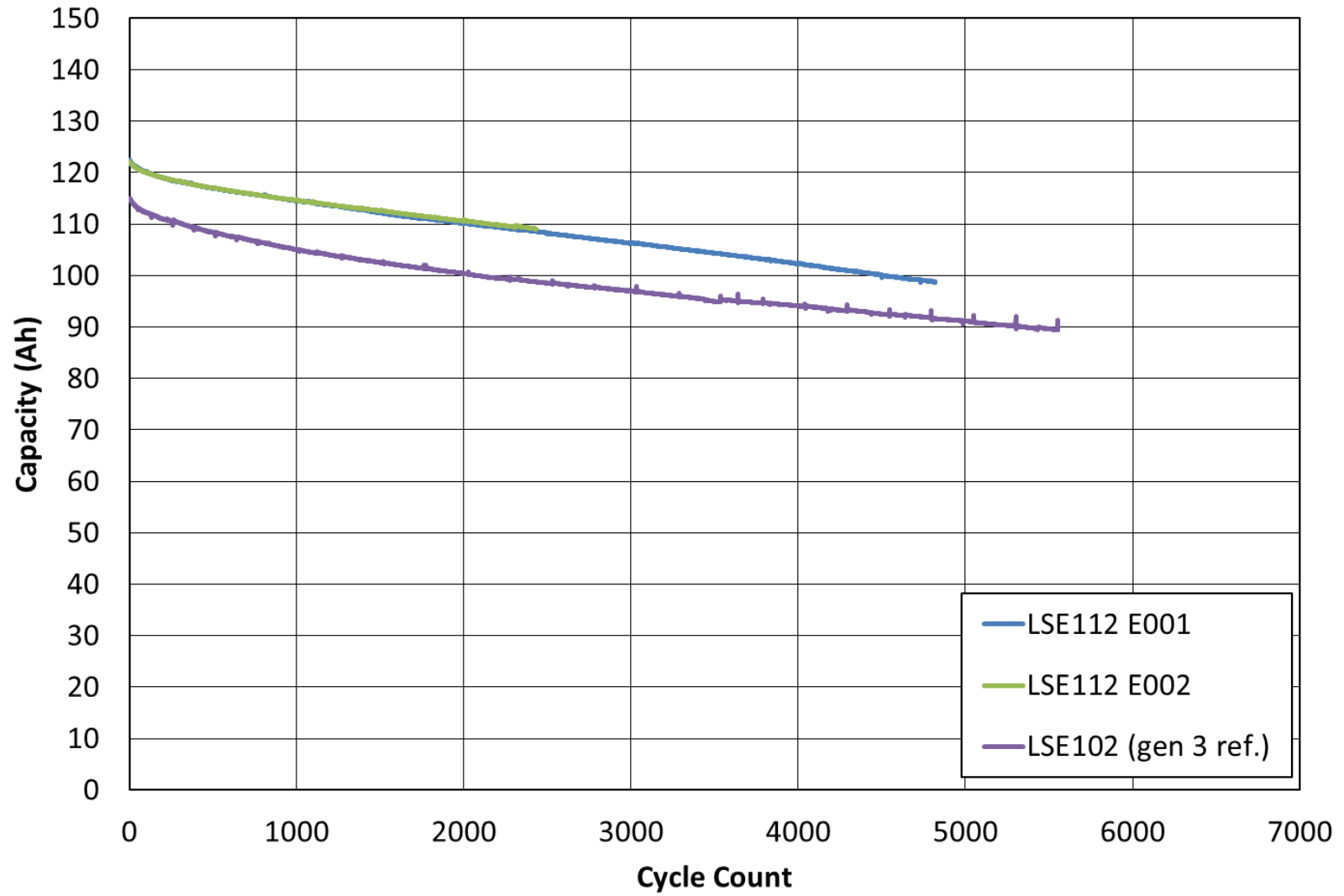


Generation 4 Power Type

Test Conditions						Ambient Test Temp
Charge Condition (CCCV unless noted)			Discharge Condition			
EoCV	Rate	Time	EoDV	Rate	Time	
4.10V	56A (0.5C)	4.0hr	2.75V	100A	N/A	25°C

Generation 4 provides ~10% Ah increase from Generation 3 with similar retention characteristics

### LSE112 - 100% DOD Cycle Capacity Retention



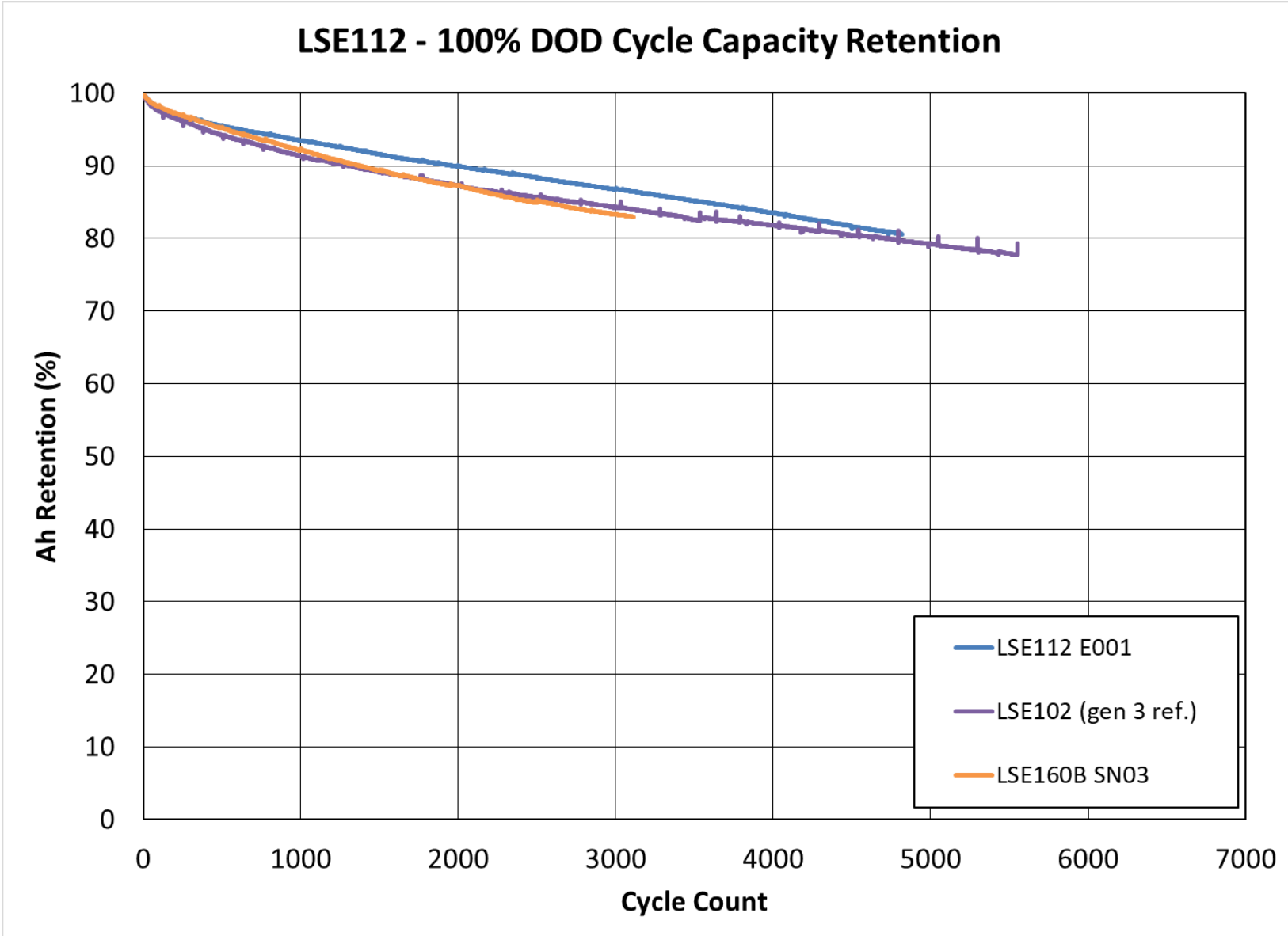
# LSE112 – 100% DOD Cycle Life



Generation 4 Power Type

Test Conditions						Ambient Test Temp
Charge Condition (CCCV unless noted)			Discharge Condition			
EoCV	Rate	Time	EoDV	Rate	Time	
4.10V	56A (0.5C)	4.0hr	2.75V	100A	N/A	25°C

Gen 4 Power type Ah retention similar to Gen 3. Power type cells



# LSE112 – 40% DOD Cycle Life (LEO)

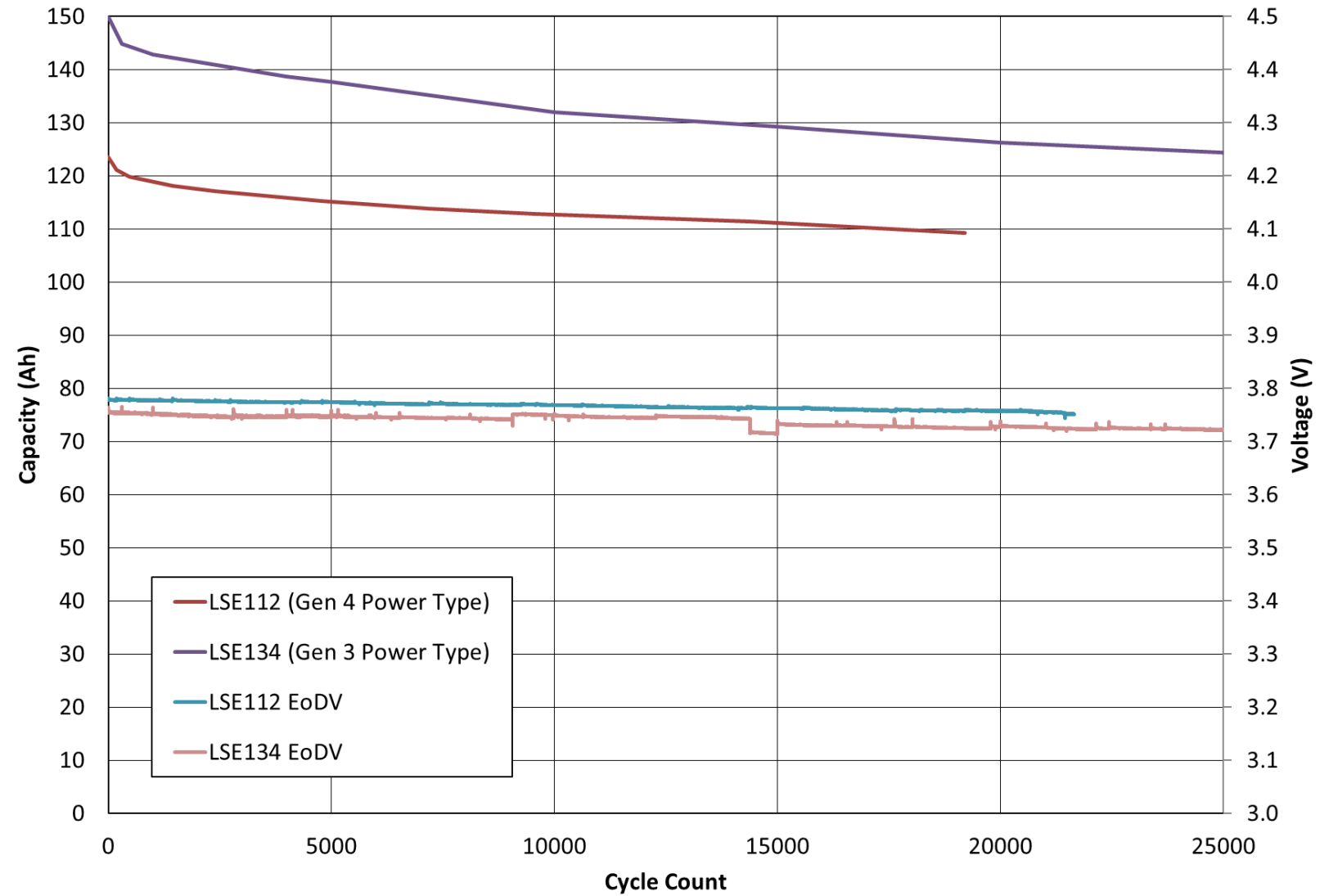


Generation 4 Power Type

Test Conditions						Ambient Test Temp
Charge Condition (CCCV unless noted)			Discharge Condition			
EoCV	Rate	Time	EoDV	Rate	Time	
4.10V	56A	1.0hr	N/A	89.6A	0.5hr	20°C

40% Deep DoD LEO cycling presents no issues for Gen 3 or Gen 4 chemistries.

LSE112 - 40% DOD LEO Cycle Results



# LSE112 – 40% DOD Cycle Life (LEO)

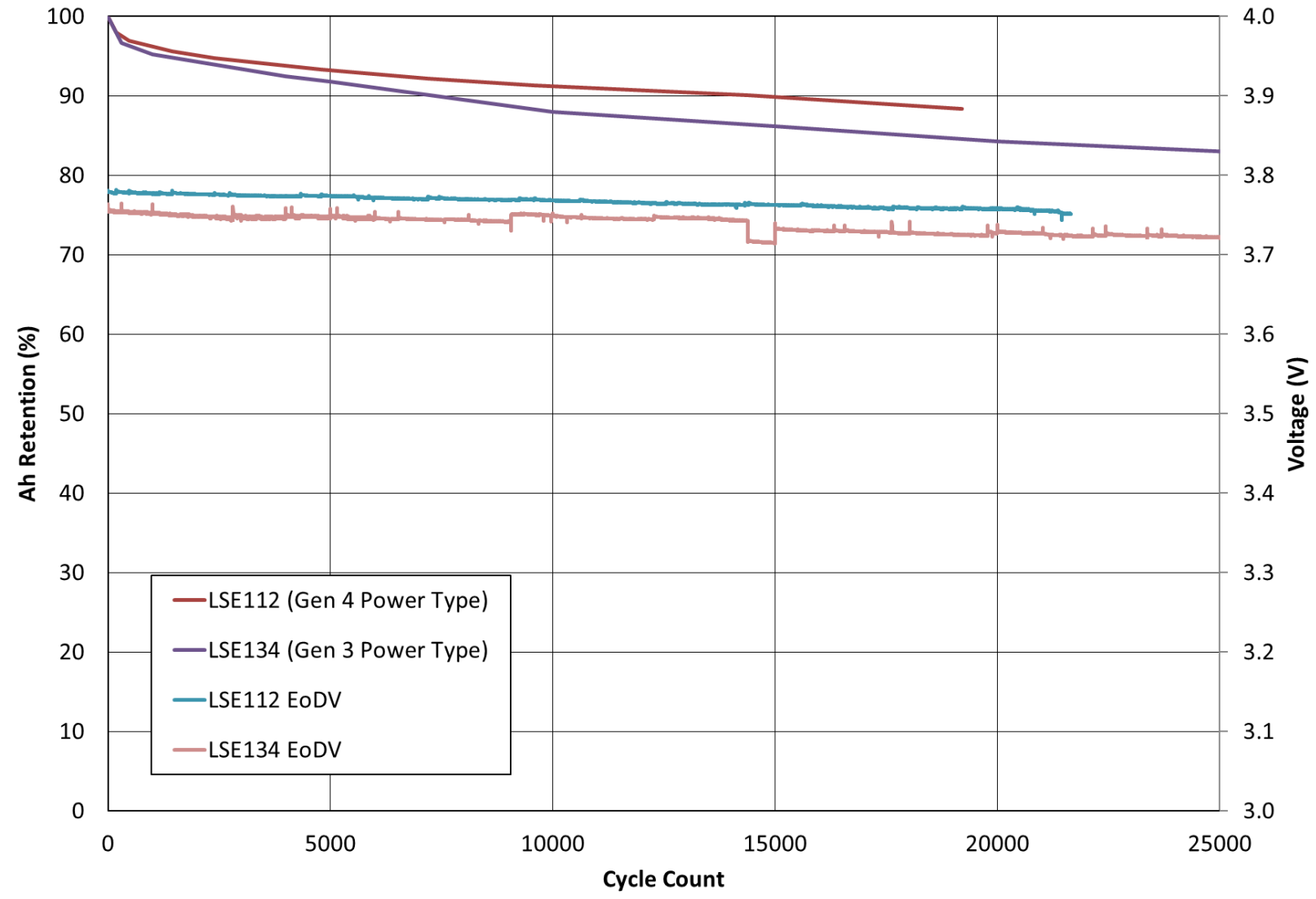


Generation 4 Power Type

Test Conditions						Ambient Test Temp
Charge Condition (CCCV unless noted)			Discharge Condition			
EoCV	Rate	Time	EoDV	Rate	Time	
4.10V	56A	1.0hr	N/A	89.6A	0.5hr	20°C

Gen. 4 Ah retention exhibits marginal improvement to Gen. 3

LSE112 - 40% DOD LEO Cycle Results



# LSE12x – Ultra High DOD LEO Cycle Tests



New cell size, ultra high performance, Gen 4 Power Type

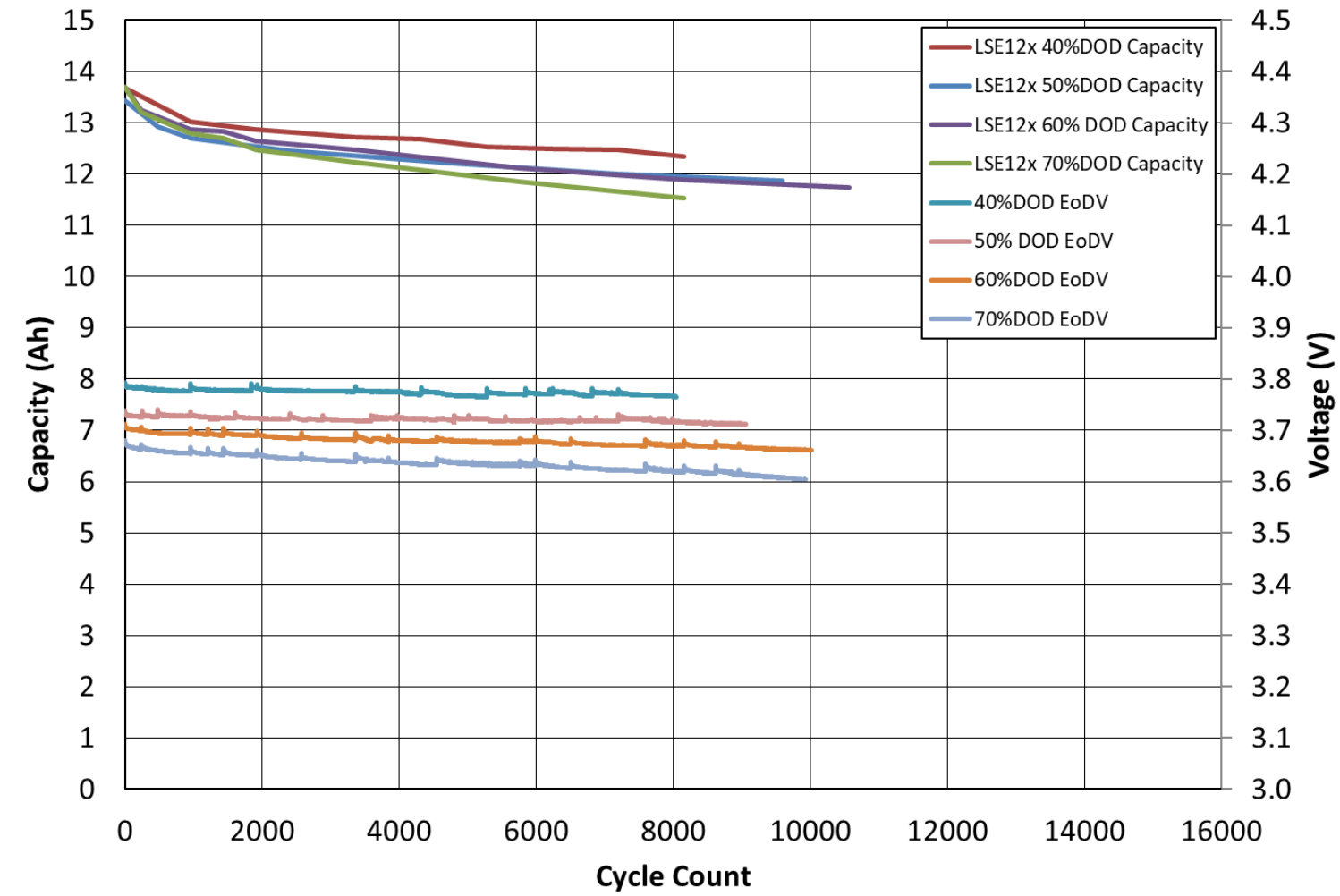
Test Conditions						Ambient Test Temp
Charge Condition (CCCV unless noted)			Discharge Condition			
EoCV	Rate	Time	EoDV	Rate	Time	
4.1V	Various	1.0Hr	N/A	Various	0.5hr	15°C

Cycle	Discharge	Charge
40%DOD	0.8C (9.6A) for 0.5hr	0.5C, 4.10V, CC/CV, 1hr
50%DOD	1.0C (12.0A) for 0.5hr	0.6C, 4.10V, CC/CV, 1hr
60%DOD	1.2C (14.4A) for 0.5hr	0.7C, 4.10V, CC/CV, 1hr
70%DOD	1.4C (16.8A) for 0.5hr	0.8C, 4.10V, CC/CV, 1hr

## LSE12X Performance Specification

BOL Capacity	4.1V-2.75V	13.6 Ah, 51.0Wh
	*4.2V-2.75V	15.0 Ah, 56.3Wh
Nameplate Capacity		12 Ah, 45Wh
Nominal Discharge Voltage		3.75 V
Continuous Charge Rate, 15°C		6A
Continuous Discharge Rate		24A
Pulse Discharge Rate		60+A
DCR @ 50% SOC, 15°C		<6 mΩ
Nominal Cell Impedance		1.1mΩ
Mass		0.390 kg

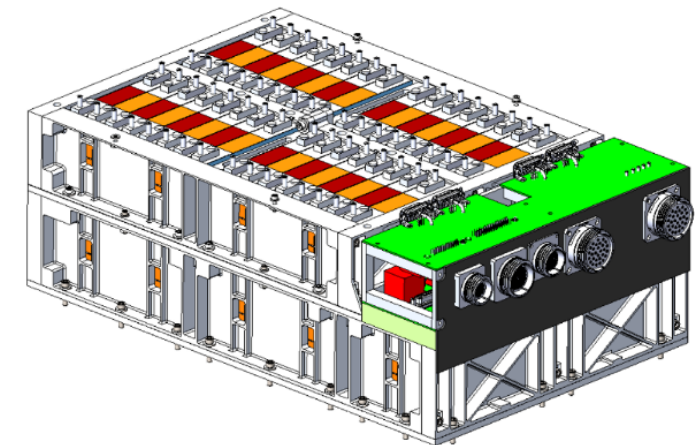
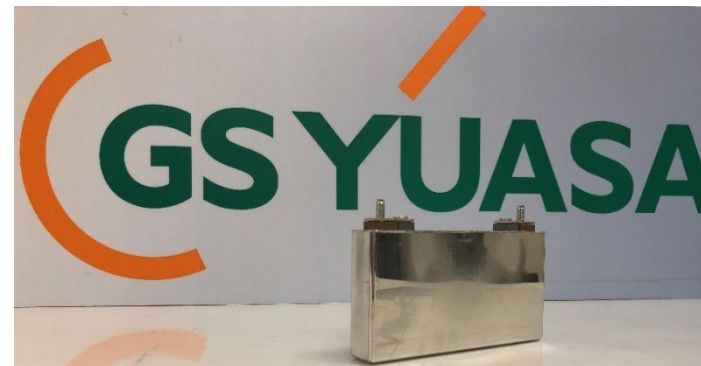
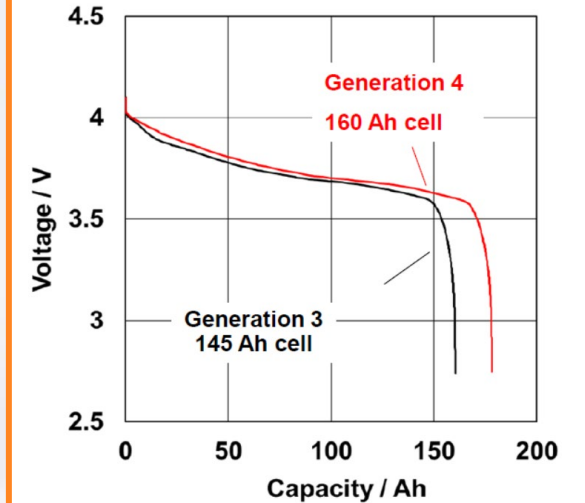
### LSE12x - Ultra Deep DOD LEO Cycle Results



# Summary

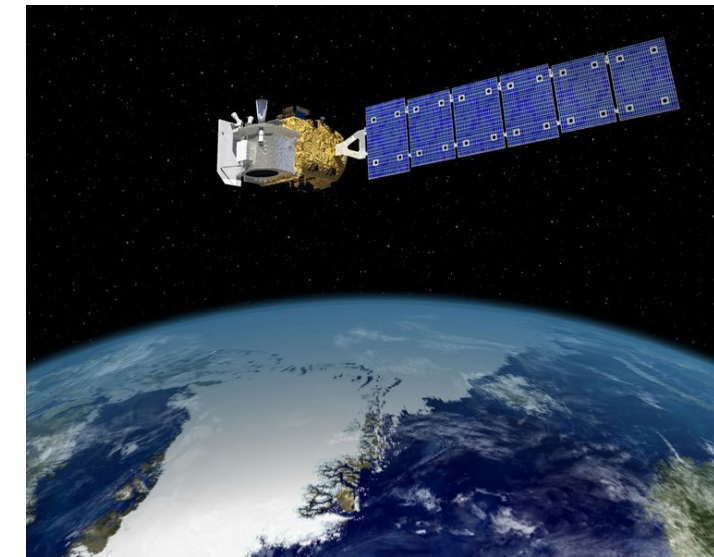
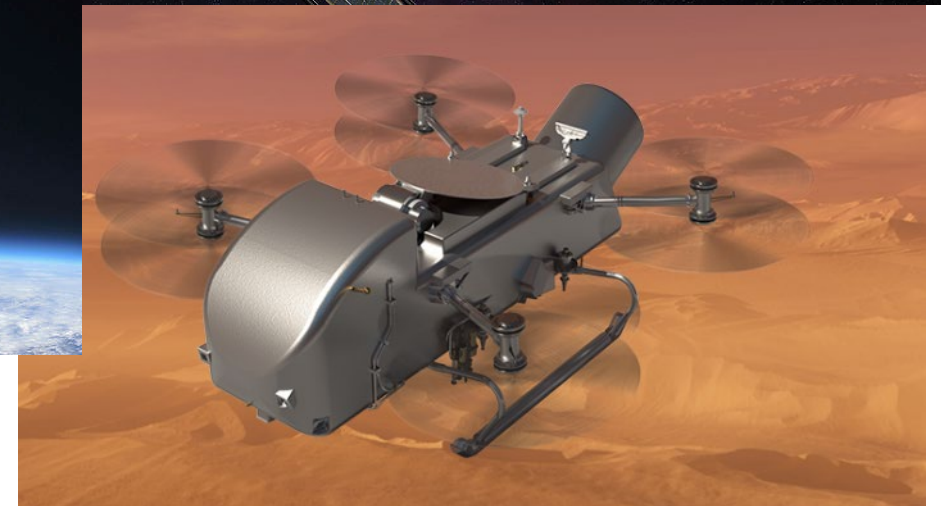


- GS Yuasa's Generation 4 LCO/Graphite chemistry provides meaningful performance increases from Generation 3 including:
  - Increased Energy Density
  - Excellent Capacity Retention under demanding cycle conditions
  - Decreased DCR for enhanced voltage performance under load
- Gen. 4 cells available from 12Ah to 205Ah in a single cell
  - LSE12x, LSE60, LSE112, LSE160, LSE205 Qualified
  - Energy and Power electrode optimizations
- LSE12x - New 12Ah small form factor cell added to the portfolio
  - Enabling smaller spacecraft access to industry leading performance
  - Scalable battery designed and built by GYLP in Roswell, Ga.
    - Configurations ranging from 720Wh to 4,320Wh





Energy storage design test and manufacturing expertise  
Industry leading spaceflight heritage  
Validated and reliable performance modelling



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