Cell Self-Discharge Monitor for Li-Ion Batteries during Operation using Machine Learning

Albert H. Zimmerman The Aerospace Corporation

> 26 April 2022 Space Power Workshop

Note: Pictures, Graphs and Diagrams shown on the briefing charts are notional items, not exact.

© 2022 The Aerospace Corporation

Unclassified

Outline of Presentation

- Discussion of self-discharge in Li-ion cells
- Machine-learning for monitoring cell self-discharge while batteries are cycling
- Self-discharge results from prototype test on operating battery
- Cell balance effects
- Conclusions

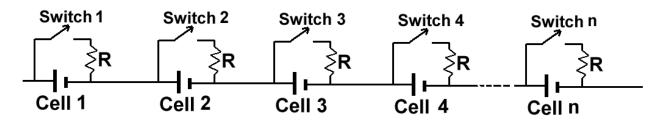
Self-Discharge in Li-Ion Cells

- Typical self-discharge rates are in the micro-amp range
- Not directly measurable when cells are operating with currents of several amps
 - Usually measured by monitoring capacity or voltage losses during long open-circuit periods
- Self-discharge during active charge or discharge is likely different from that during long open-circuit
 - SEI layers are likely less passivating during active cycling
- Changes in self-discharge during cycling could be valuable
 - Provide precursor signatures for impending problems
 - Detect different processes responsible for self-discharge

The goal of this project is to develop a method to continuously monitor cell selfdischarge while a battery is cycling

Approach to Measuring Self-Discharge

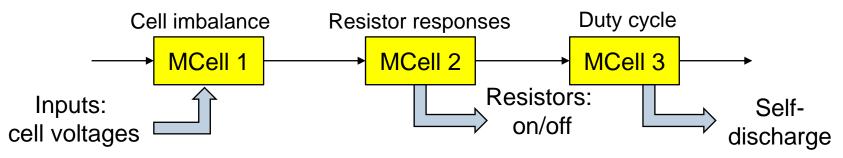
- Cell charge voltage imbalance in a battery can indicate self-discharge integrated over time
 - Unambiguous only at full charge and during open circuit
- What is the easiest way to rebalance cells when they self-discharge
 - Switch resistors across the cells that tend to go higher in voltage



- Use a machine-learning algorithm to learn the duty cycle for switching resistors across cells to precisely balance their self-discharge.
 - The relative self-discharge rate for each cell is inversely proportional to its duty cycle
 - Each resistor would only pass a current several times the maximum expected cell self-discharge rate, typically well below 1 ma

Machine-Learning Algorithm

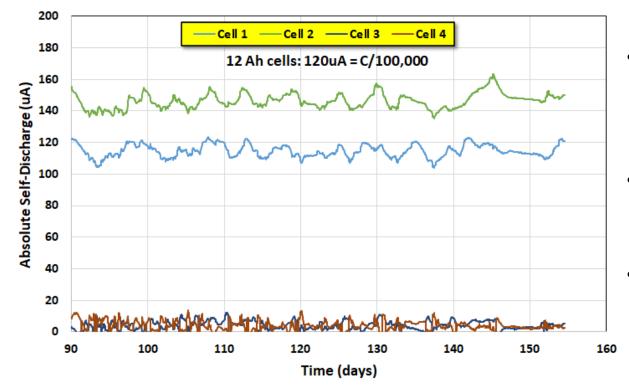
• A LSTM (Long Short-Term Memory) algorithm with 3 memory cells



- The algorithm is provided the needed semantics
 - How to identify CV charging and peak recharge voltage
 - Resistor sizing, cell capacity, number of cells in string
 - How to obtain cell voltages and how to turn the resistors on and off
- Each string in the battery has its own algorithm looking at its cells
- Resistor on times are based on imbalance, duty cycles, resistance, and cell capacity
- Duty cycles are learned over a time period of up to a week
 - Optimum solution is cell with highest self-discharge at zero duty cycle

Algorithm Demo using a 4-Cell 12-Ah Battery

- Battery operates in a 30% DOD Low Earth Orbit profile, 15 cycles/day
- Algorithm uses normal housekeeping voltage telemetry from Test Station, and switchable 5-Kohm resistors on each cell

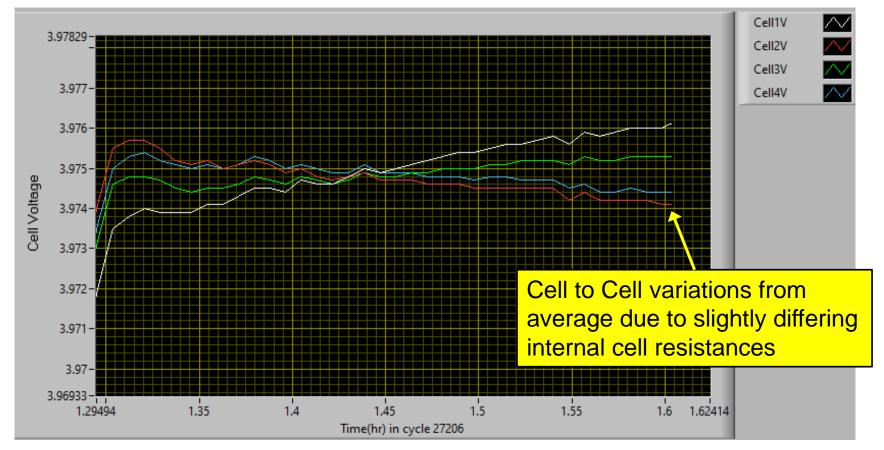


- Algorithm development and calibration during first 90 days
- Rates have held constant for 2 months
- Some temperature induced variations

Calibration was based on the response of the cell having highest duty cycle (lowest self-discharge) to known artificial self-discharge from a 50-Kohm resistor

Algorithm Keeps Cells Balanced

• After learning the duty cycle needed by each cell, it also keeps them well balanced during constant-voltage portion of recharge cycle



• The algorithm could be used as a smart cell balancer in a battery having cell resistors

Conclusions

- A ML algorithm has been demonstrated to monitor the self-discharge rates of cells during active battery cycling
 - Operates in background without disturbing battery operation
 - Only requires switchable resistors on each cell (~2-100 Kohm, depending on cell size)
 - Algorithm requires several weeks to learn each cell's behavior
 - Long-term trends can be saved for trending and analysis
- Cell balancing is a useful by-product of the algorithm
- Active-cell self discharge rate is new information we cannot otherwise obtain
 - Being explored to assess different mechanisms for self-discharge
 - Changes could indicate impending cell problems
- The new capabilities provided by this algorithm are expected to become part of our standard battery testing toolkit