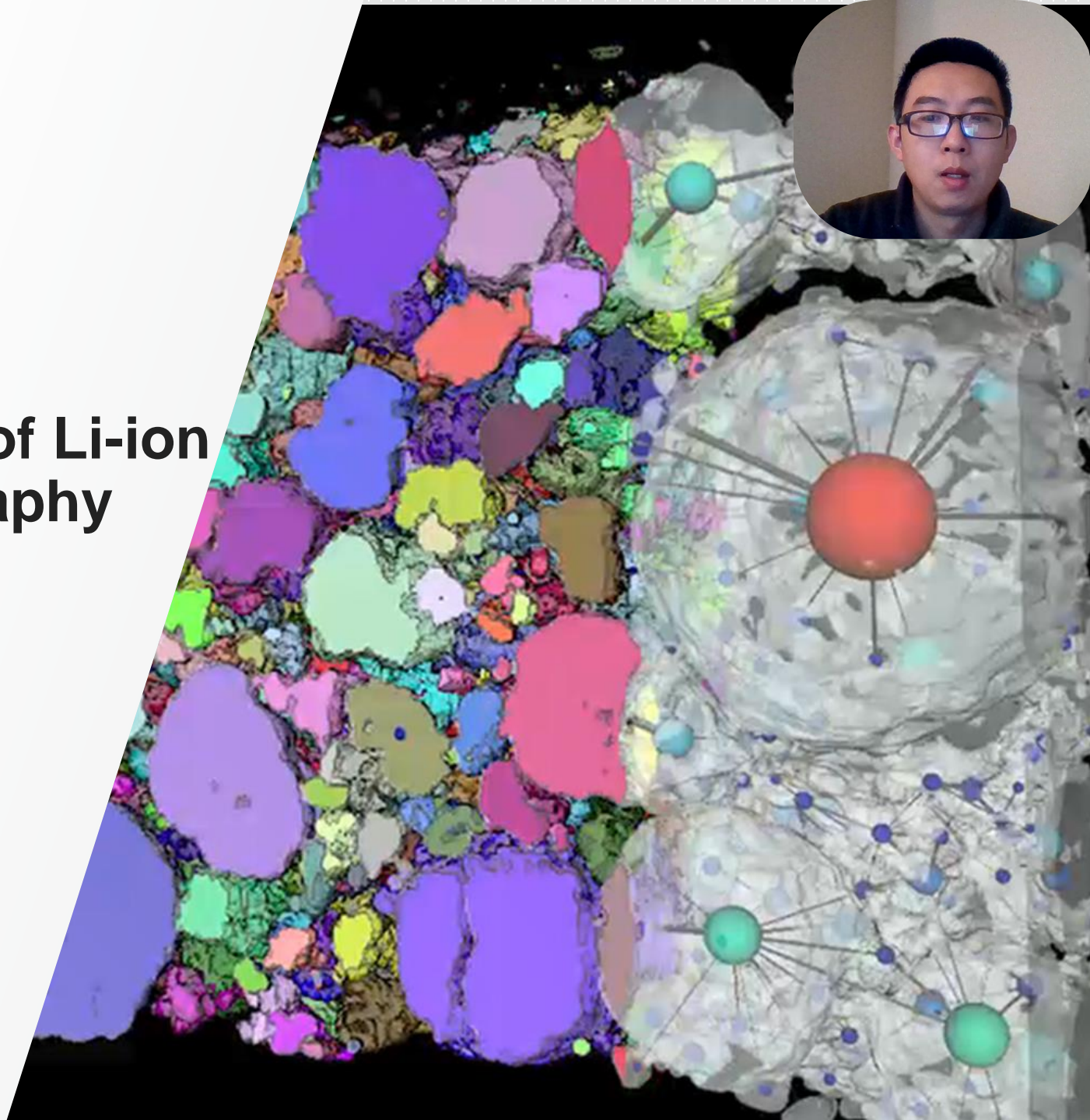


3D Imaging Characterizations of Li-ion Battery via X-ray Microtomography and Electron Microscope

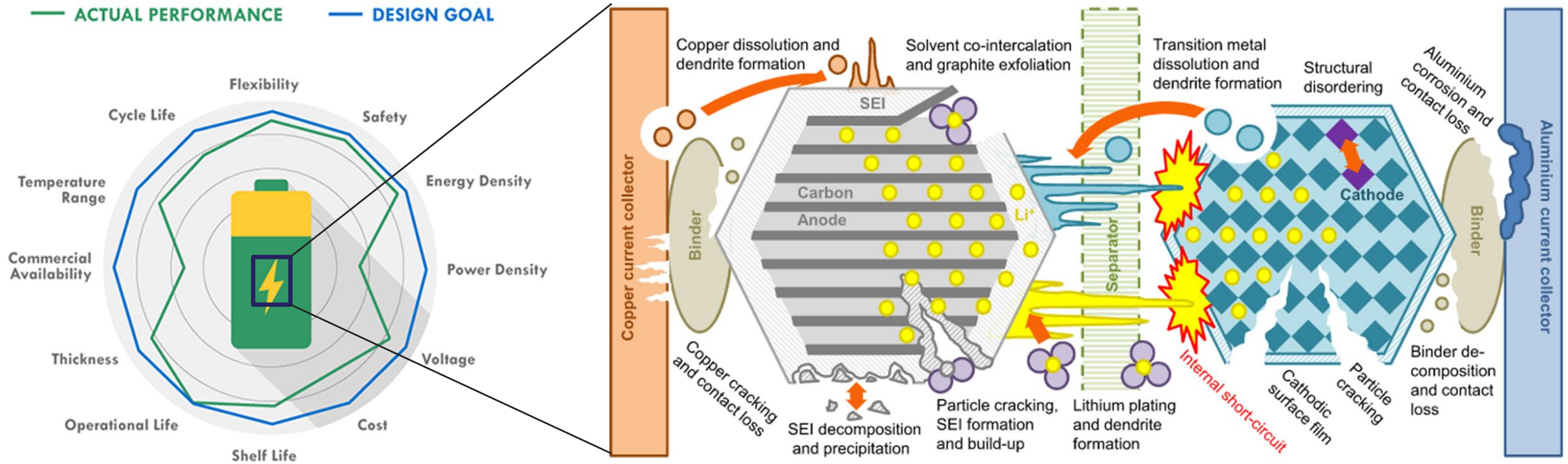
Zhao Liu, PhD

Market Development Manager
Thermo Fisher Scientific

 The world leader in serving science



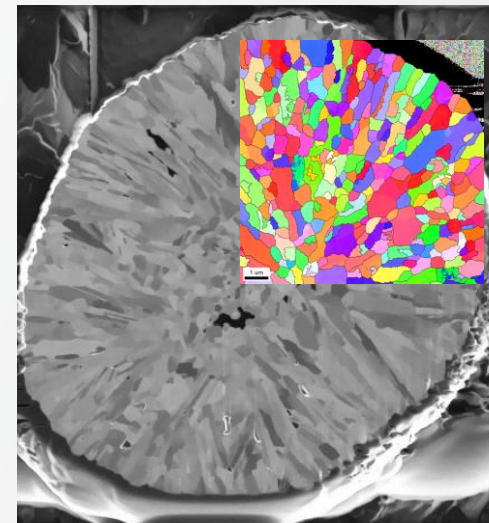
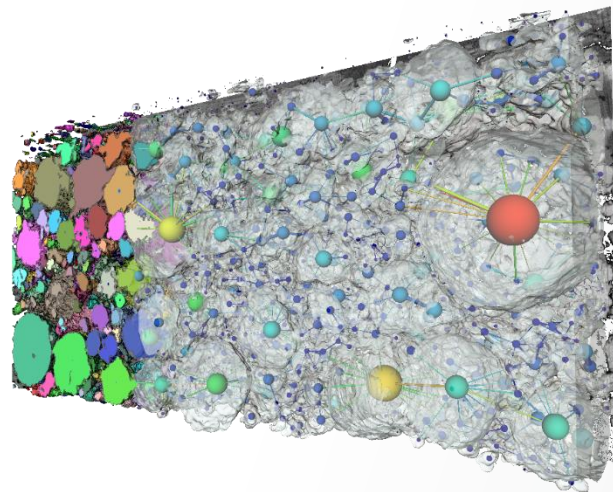
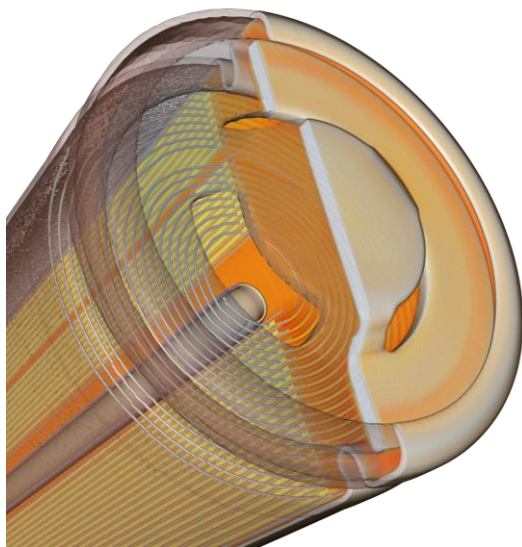
Design vs. Actual Performance



- Many interactions, at different length scales, all impacting the battery performance
- Understand the structure and performance correlation is critical



Multiscale Imaging Analysis Approach



Cell

Electrode

Particle

10 cm

1cm

1mm

100 μ m

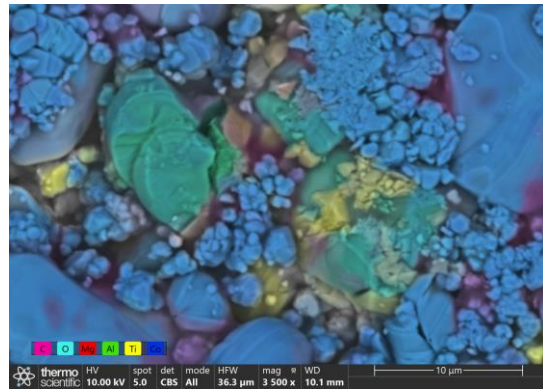
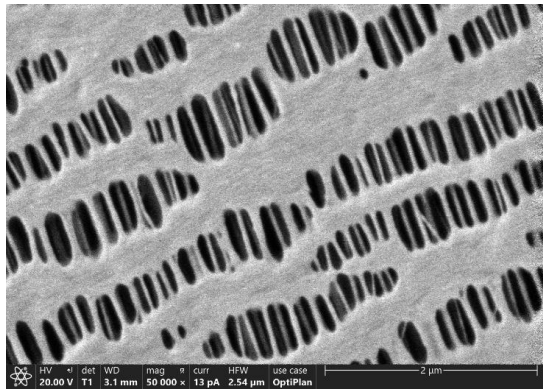
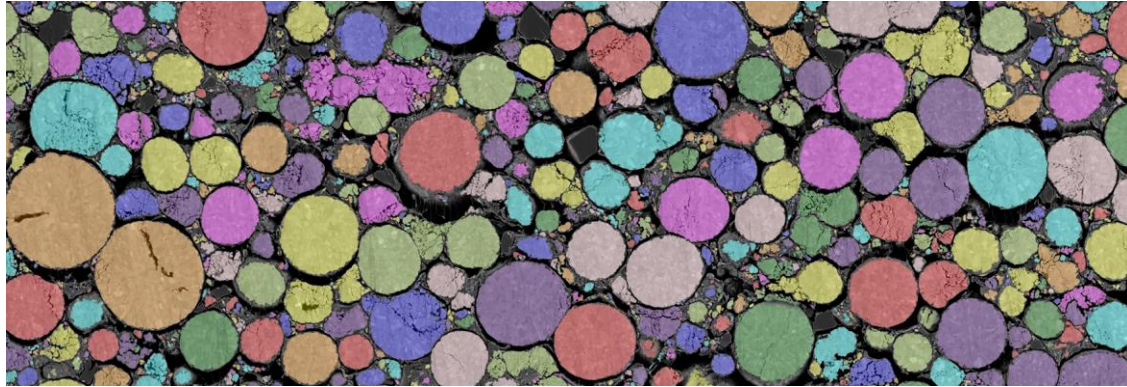
10 μ m

1 μ m

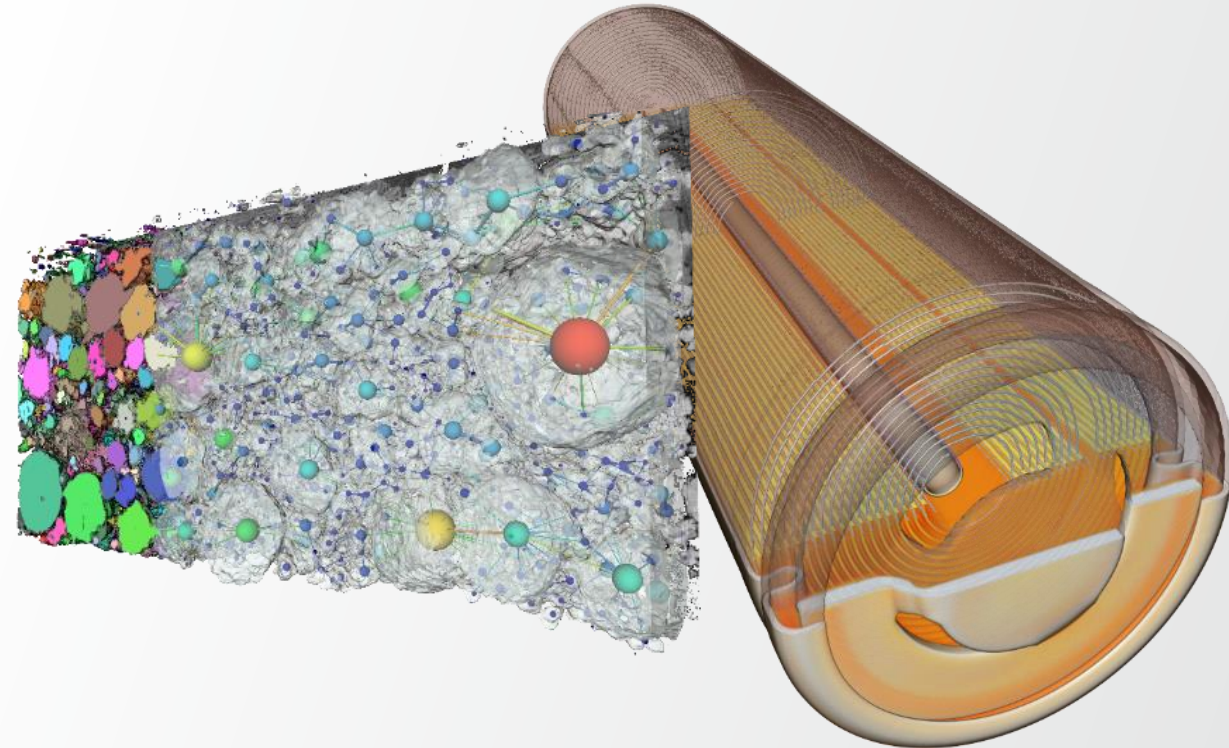
100nm



2D Imaging



3D Imaging



- Characterization methods for 3D imaging analysis
- How 3D imaging analysis help battery research?

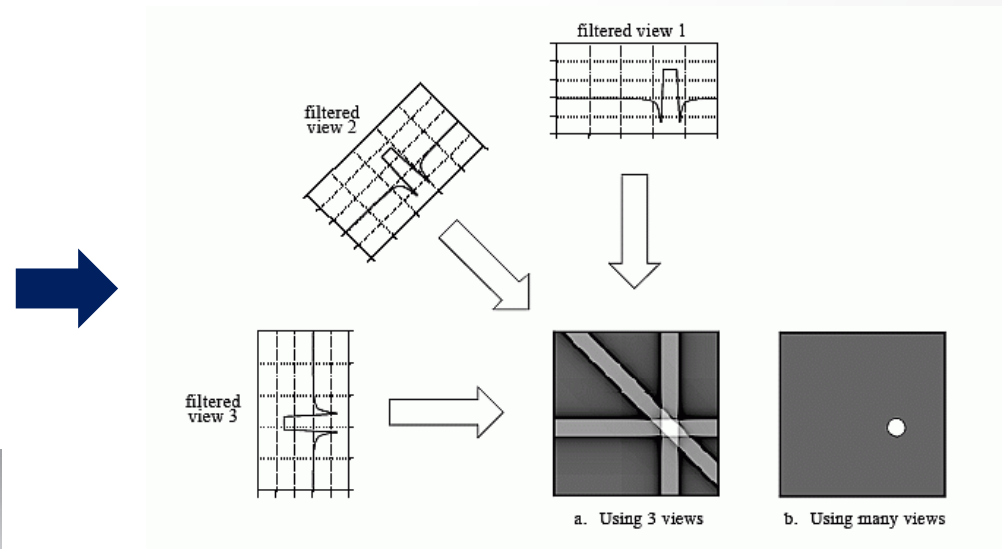


Heliscan microCT Analysis on Battery Cell

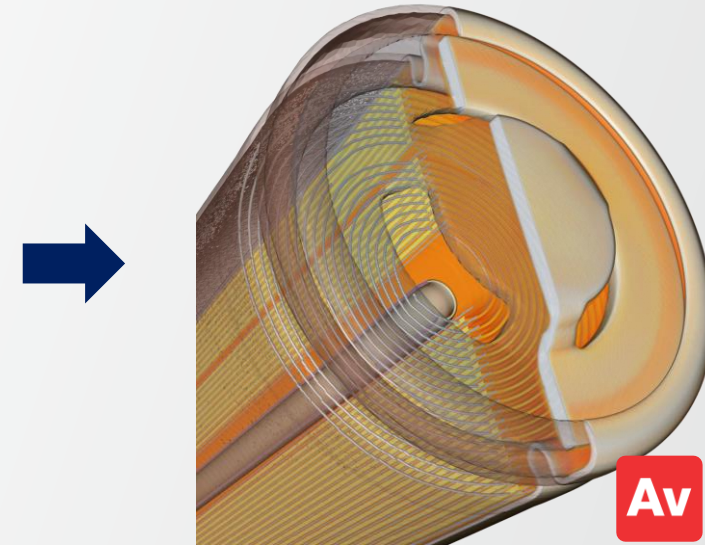
Data Acquisition



Reconstruction



Visualization & analysis



Non-destructive 3D imaging method



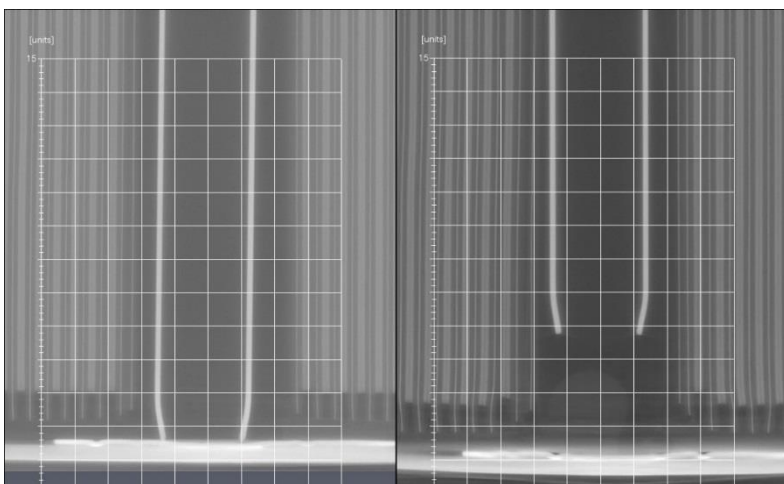
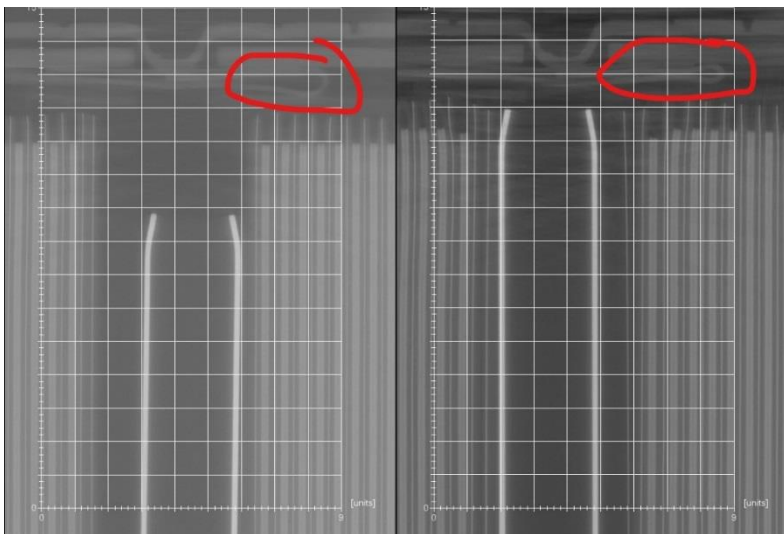
3D Reconstruction of a 18650 Cell

X (Y) – Z Plane

X – Y Plane

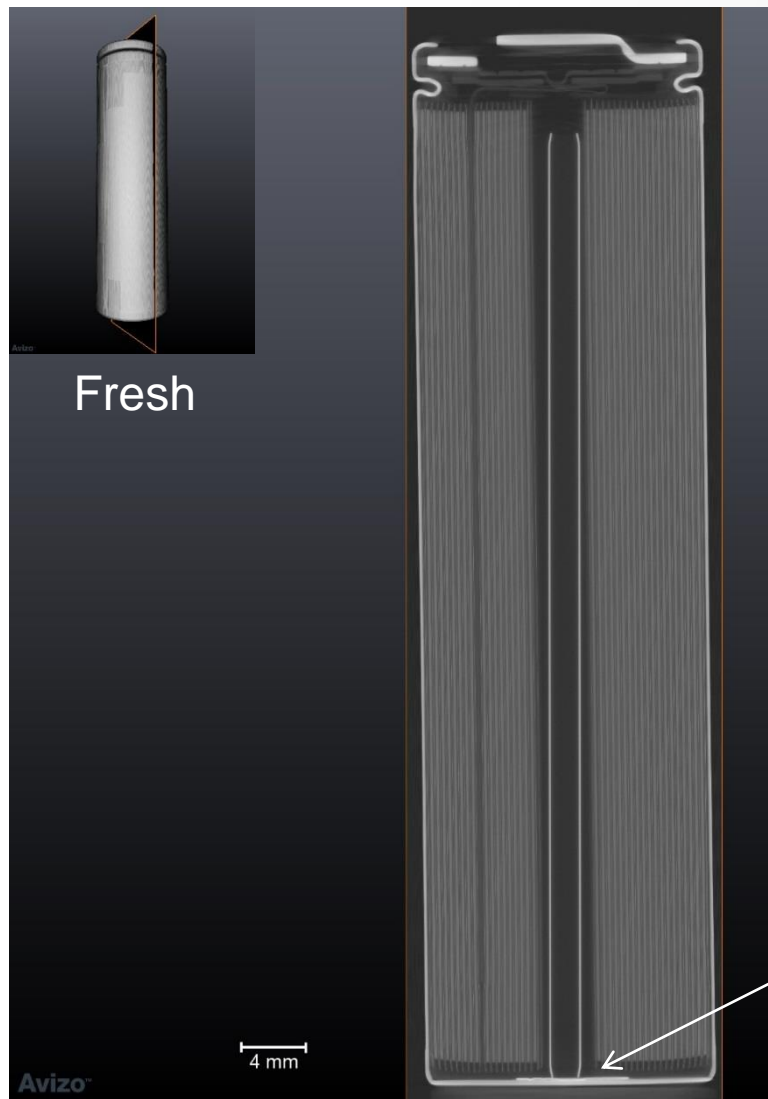


Cycling Effects Case Study on 18650 Cell

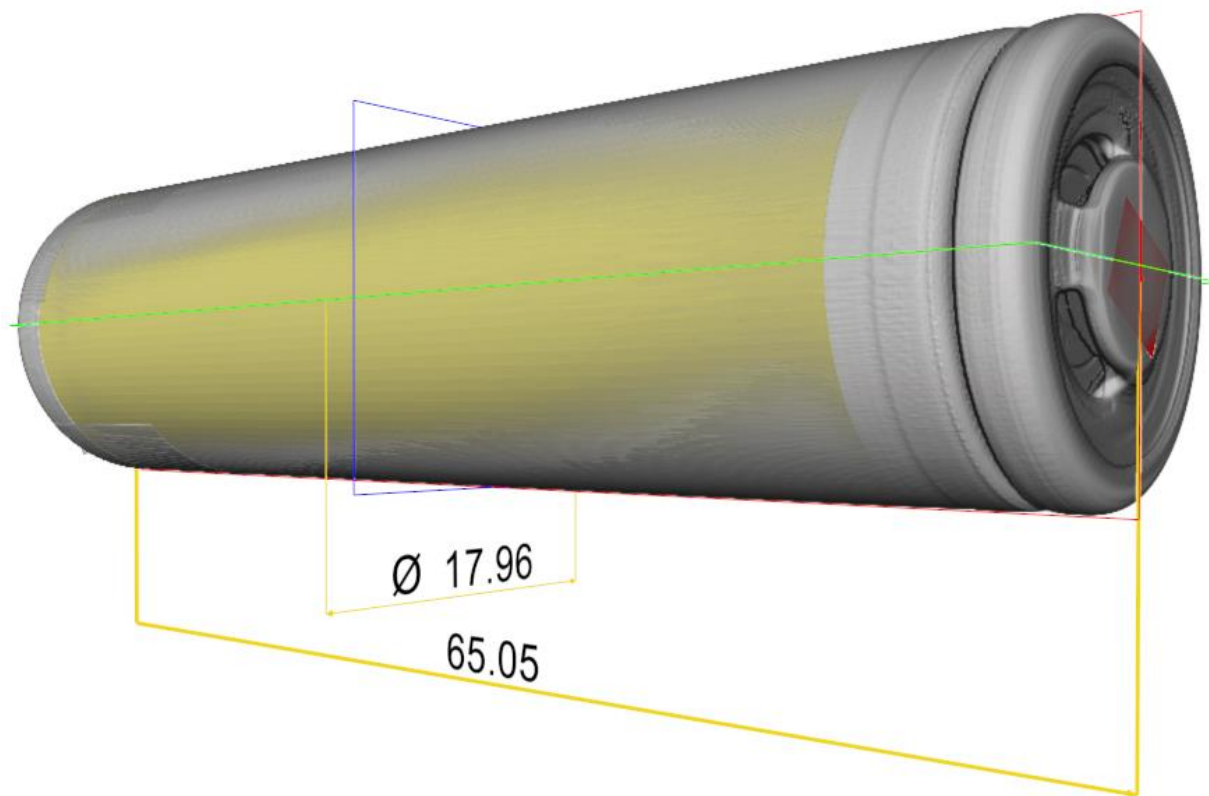


Fresh

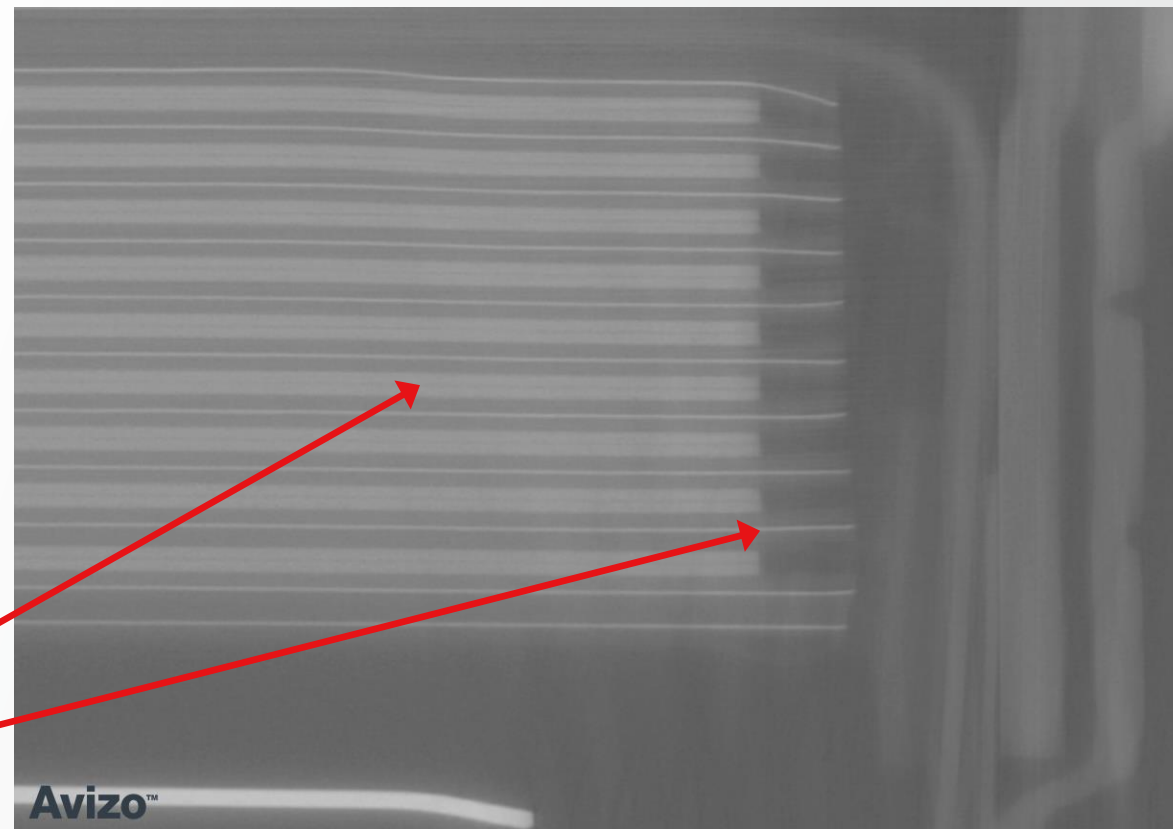
Cycled



Cycling Effects Case Study on the 18650 Cell



- Voxel size: $7.7\mu\text{m}$



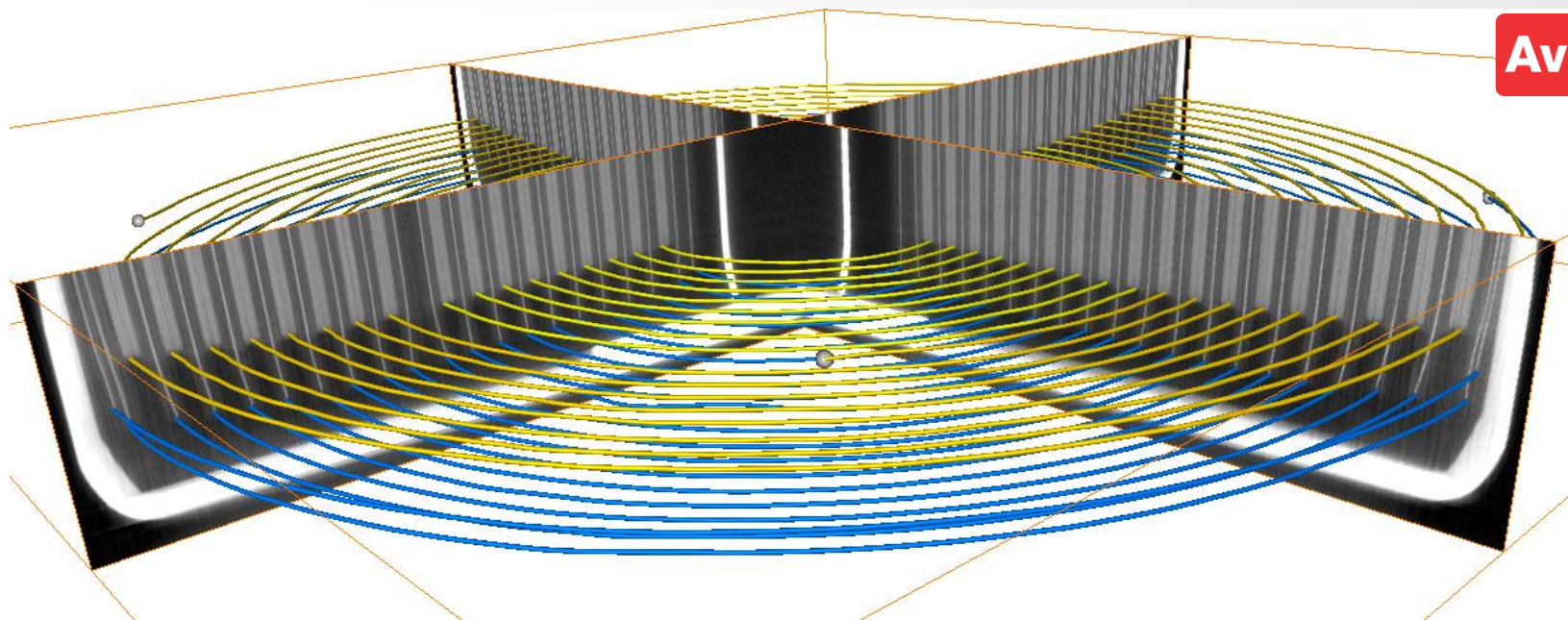
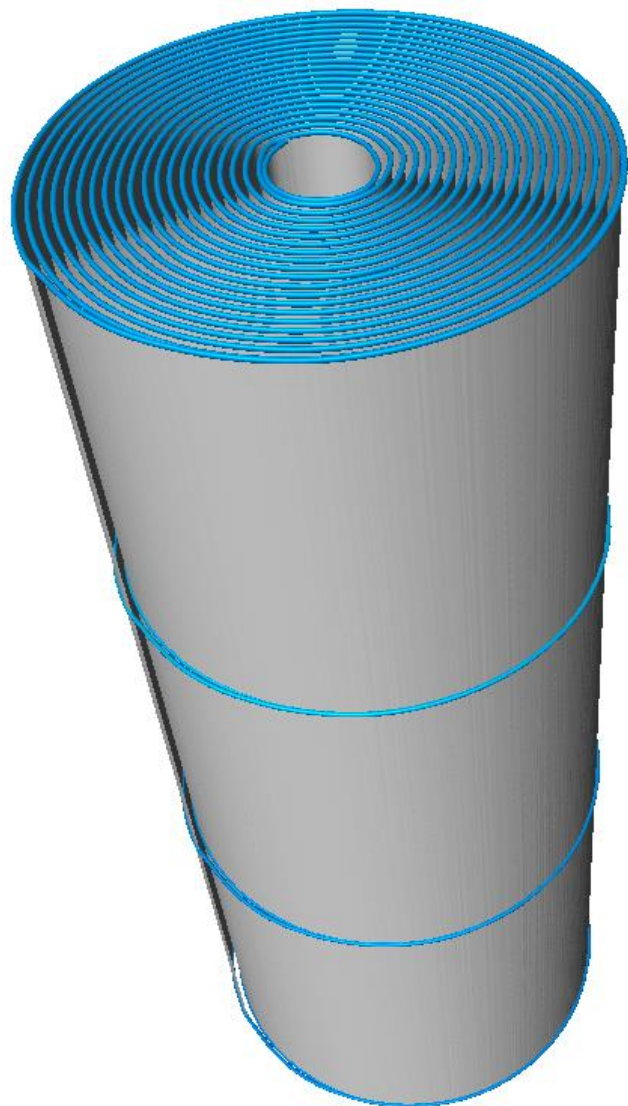
Cathode: bright + faintly visible Al collector
Anode: dark + bright Cu collector

Avizo™



Cycling Effects Case Study on the 18650 Cell

Tracing the current collector for quantification

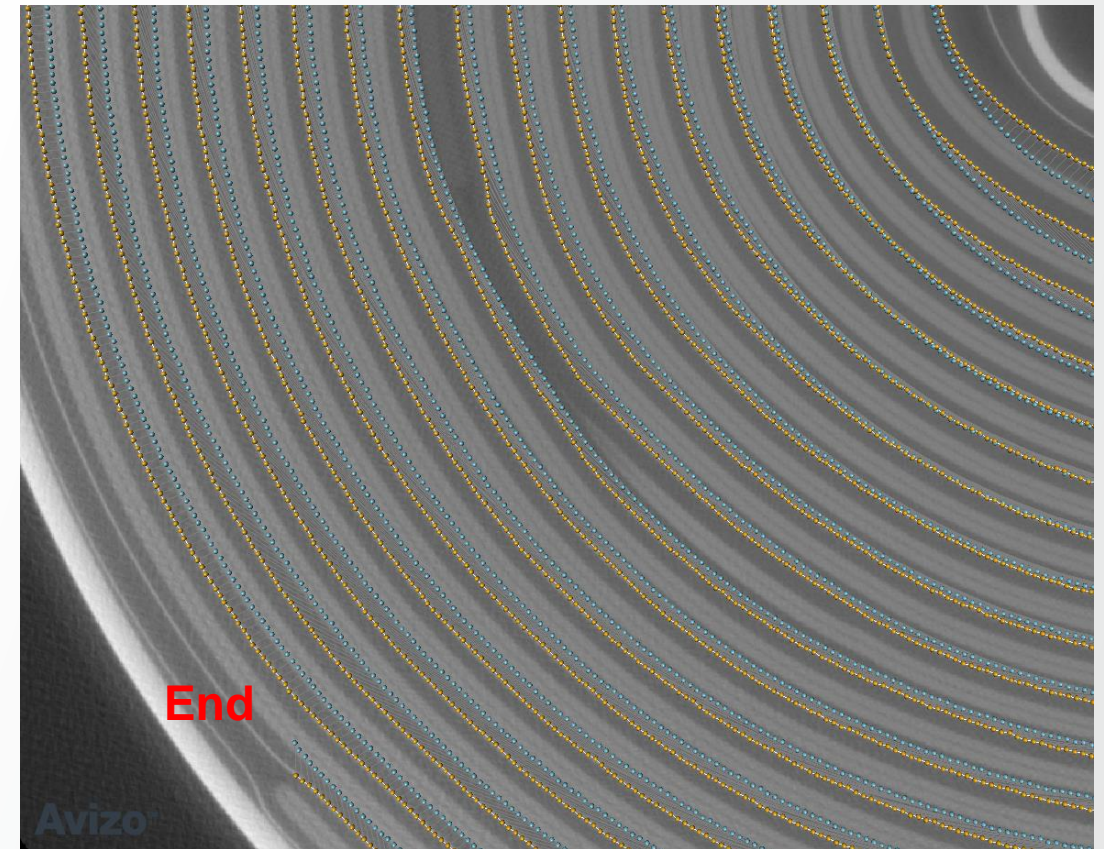
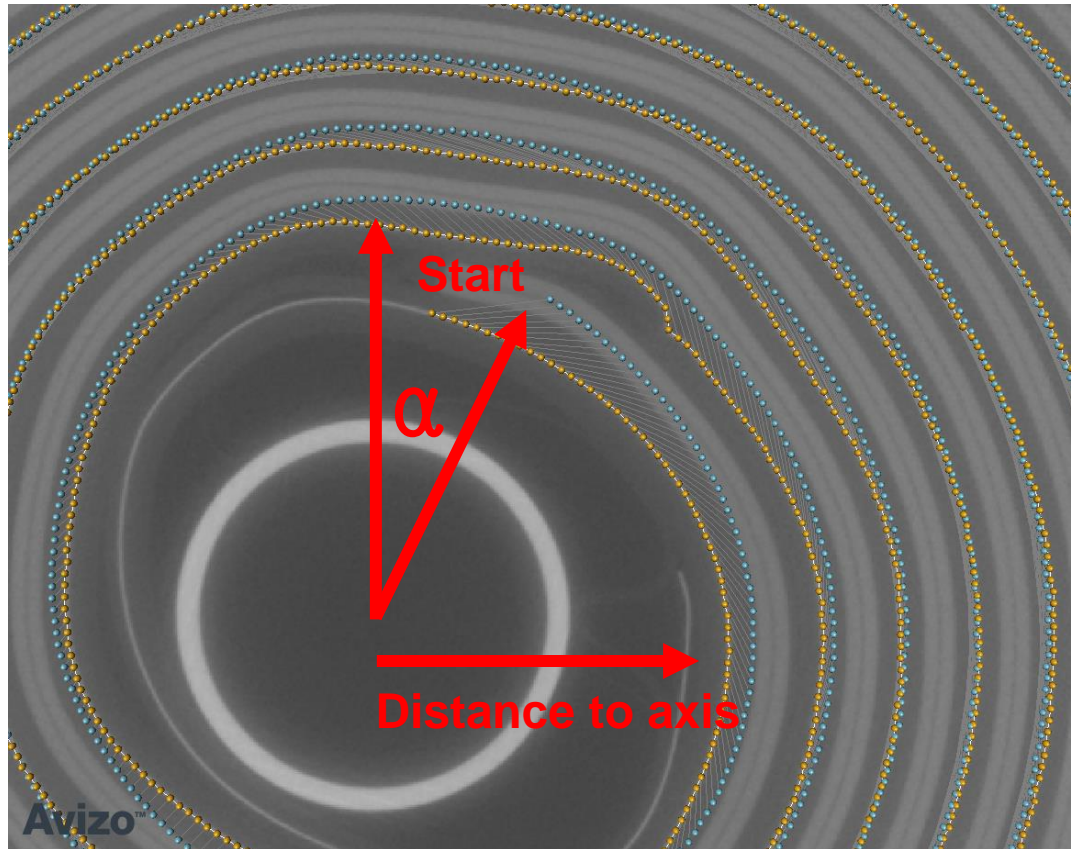


Fresh

Cycled



Cycling Effects Case Study on the 18650 Cell



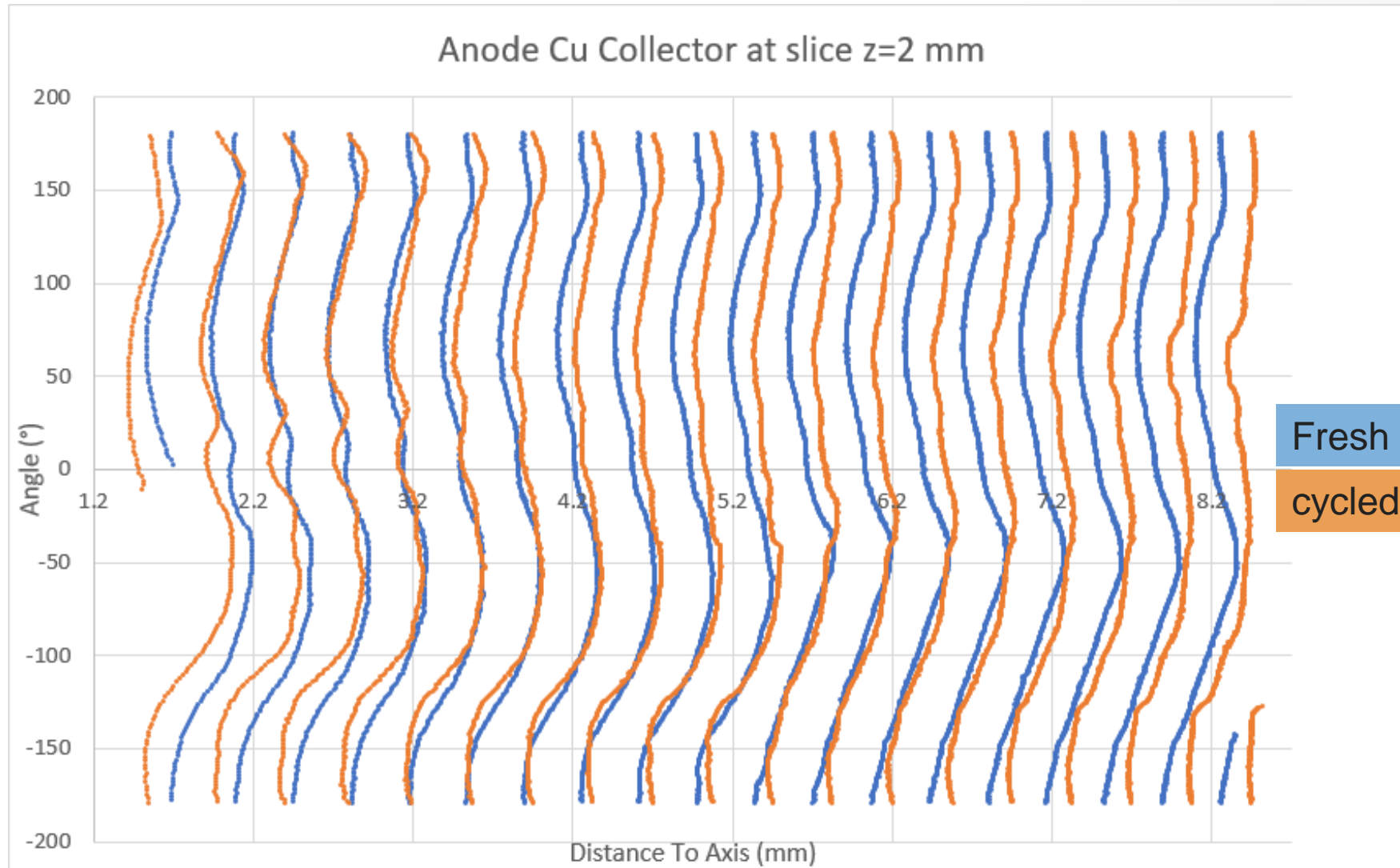
Fresh

Cycled

Collector shape change is quantified by digitally correlating the position of the spiral in the fresh and cycled battery and plotting the distance from the center versus the rotation angle α



Cycling Effects Case Study on the 18650 Cell



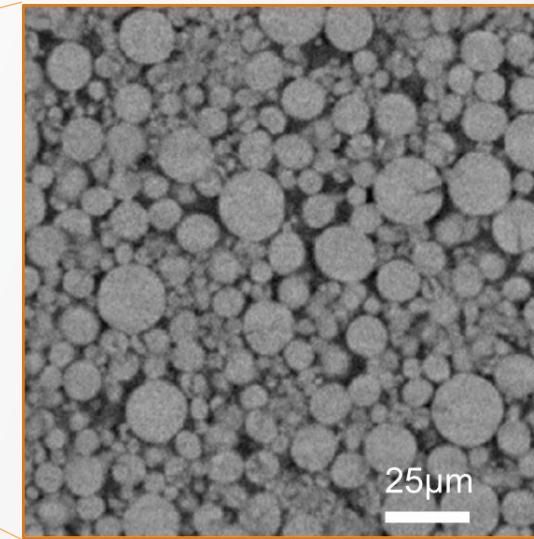
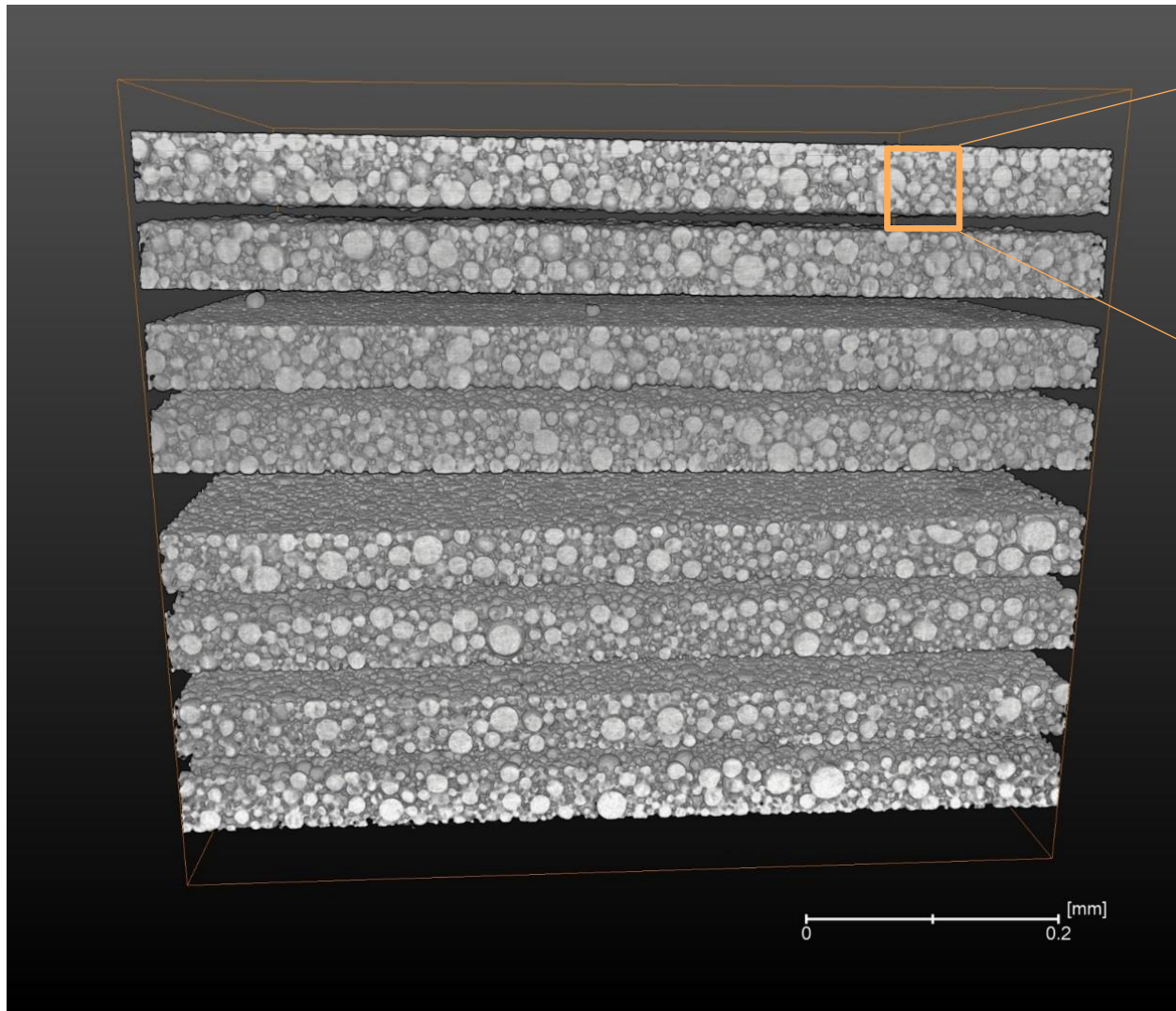
Center

Side

Detailed position at each point in the cell can be further explored and modeling for failure analysis and structural optimization



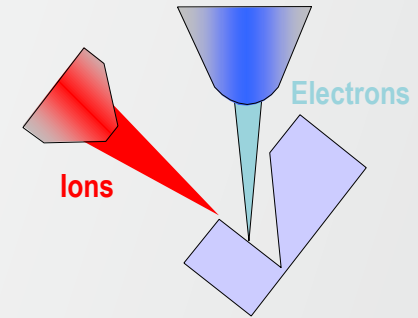
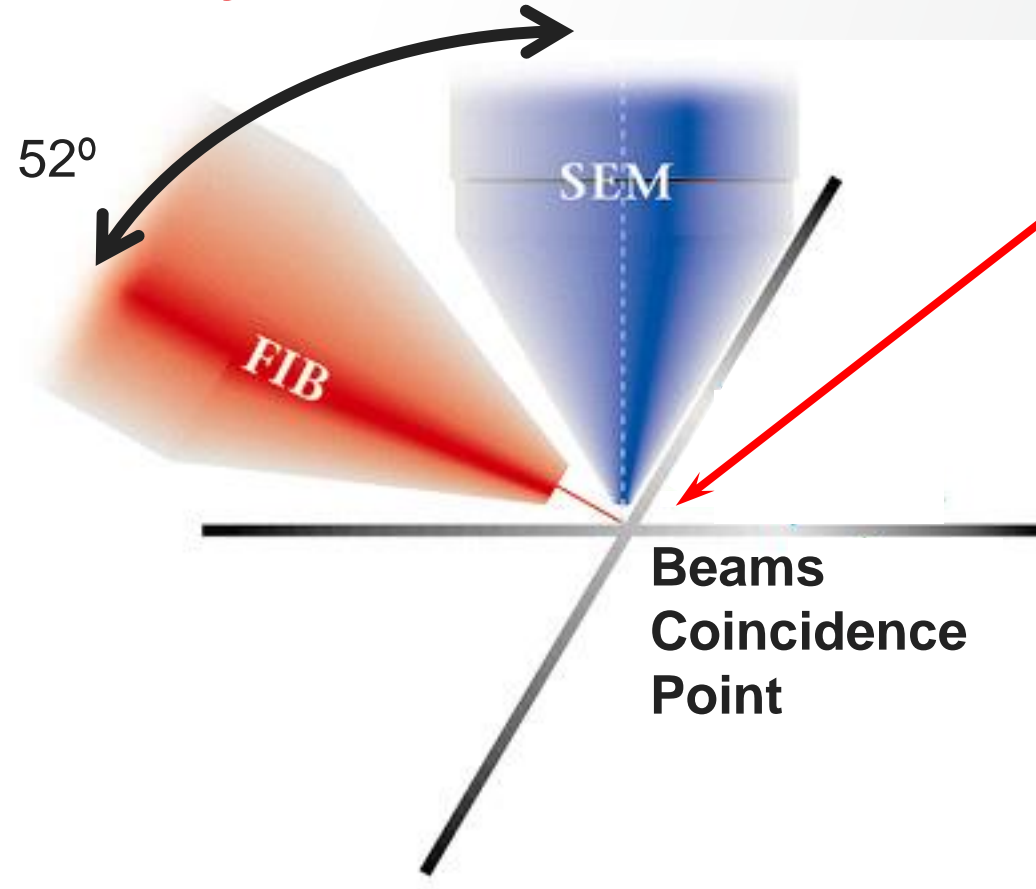
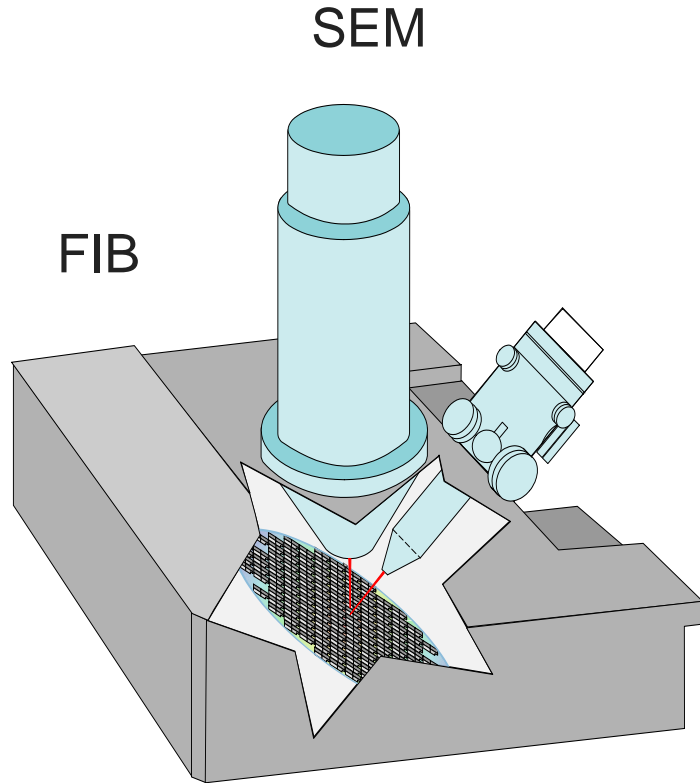
Challenges of the microCT for Battery Imaging



- Not enough resolution to see fine-structure at electrode and particle level (e.g. cracks)
- Lack of chemical and crystallographic information



DualBeam Application on Battery



A DualBeam (FIB-SEM) is defined by of two primary components...

Scanning Electron Microscope for imaging

Focused Ion Beam for sample modification (milling)

The sample and stage are maneuvered beneath the beams to optimize imaging and milling



The DualBeam in Action



FIB

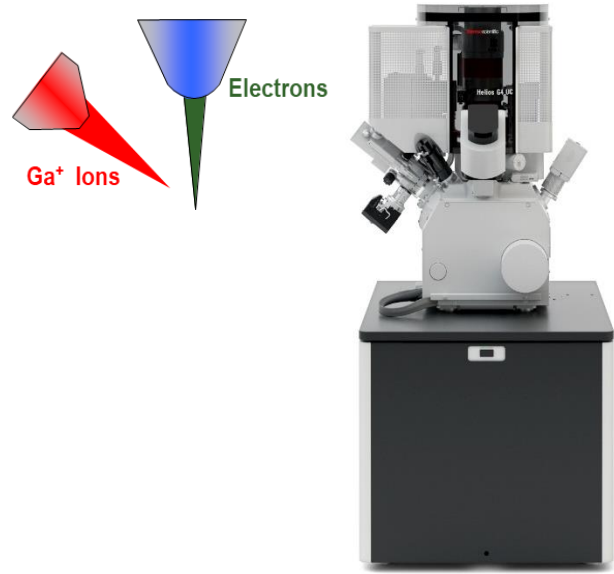


SEM



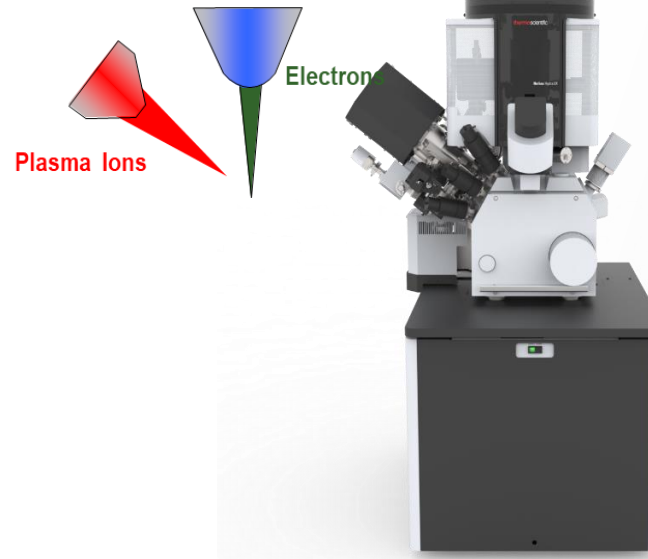
DualBeam Technologies

Ga-FIB



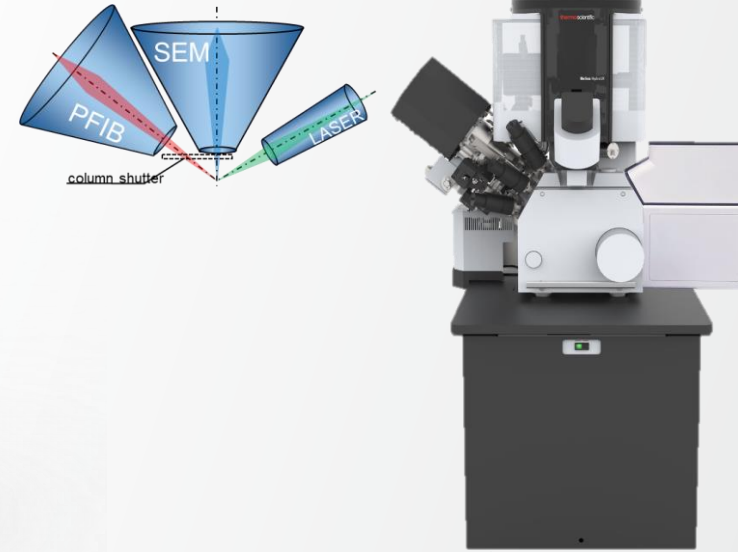
Ga⁺ ion source

Plasma-FIB



Plasma ion source
(Xe, Ar, N, O)

Laser-PFIB



Femtosecond Laser +
Plasma ion source

- Different ion sources (laser) to cover wide number of applications in different materials system
- Increasing volume for analysis: from Ga⁺-FIB, P-FIB to Laser PFIB

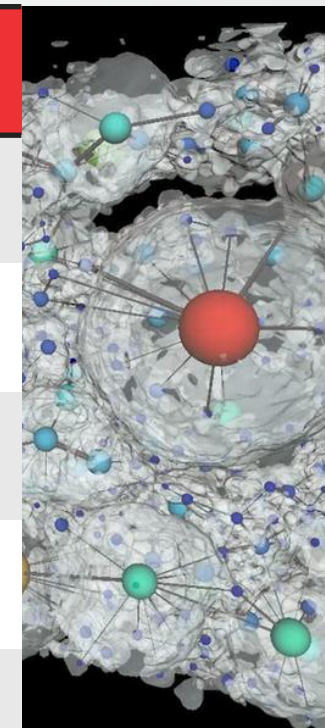


DualBeam Analysis on Electrode via 2D and 3D

2D SEM Image on battery electrode



3D reconstruction of battery electrode



Microstructural Analysis	2D Imaging	3D Imaging
Volume Fraction	Yes	Yes
Surface Area	Limited	Yes
Particle Size Distribution	Limited	Yes
Connectivity	No	Yes
Tortuosity	No	Yes

3D imaging provides more information than 2D imaging for structural quantification, which is crucial for understanding the structure-performance correlation



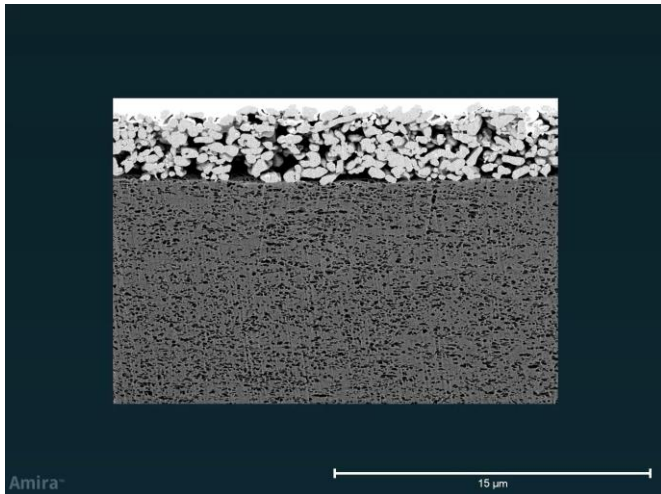
3D Imaging Analysis on Different Battery Components

PFIB: NMC cathode



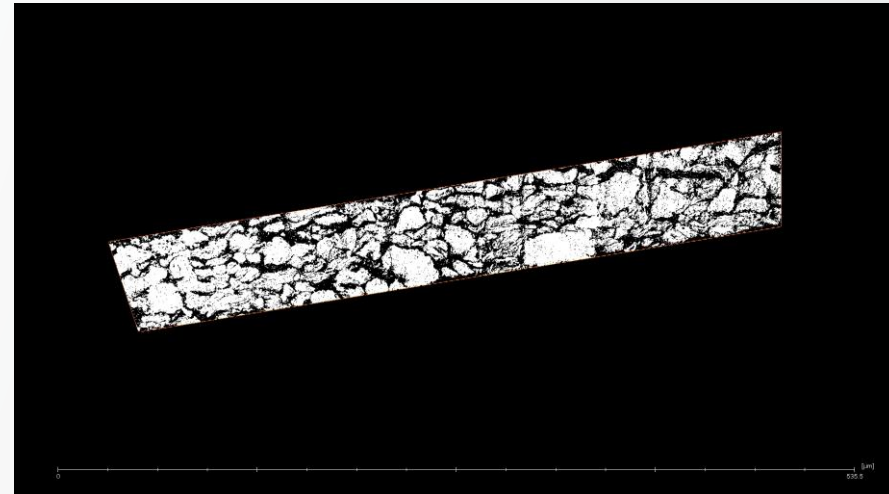
100 μm

Ga-FIB: separator

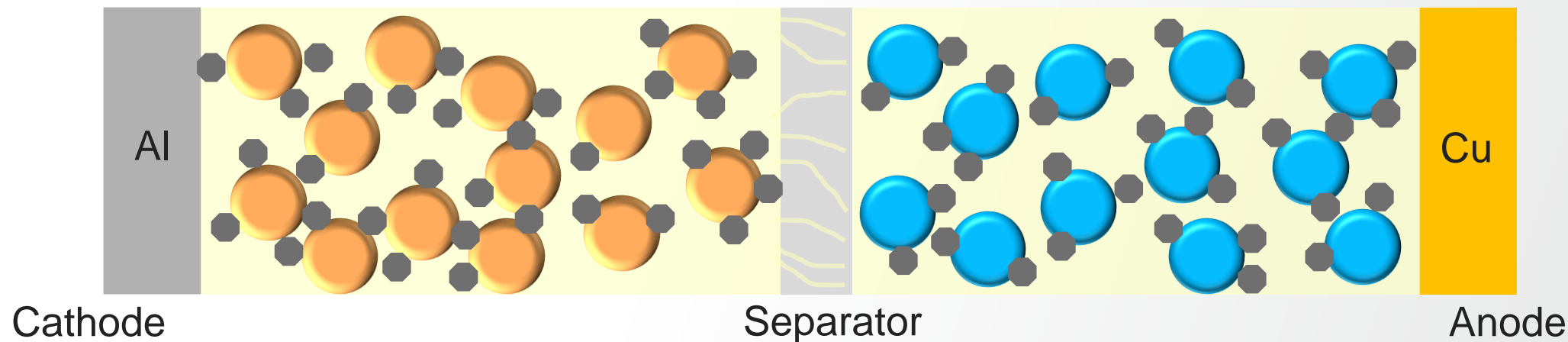


30 μm

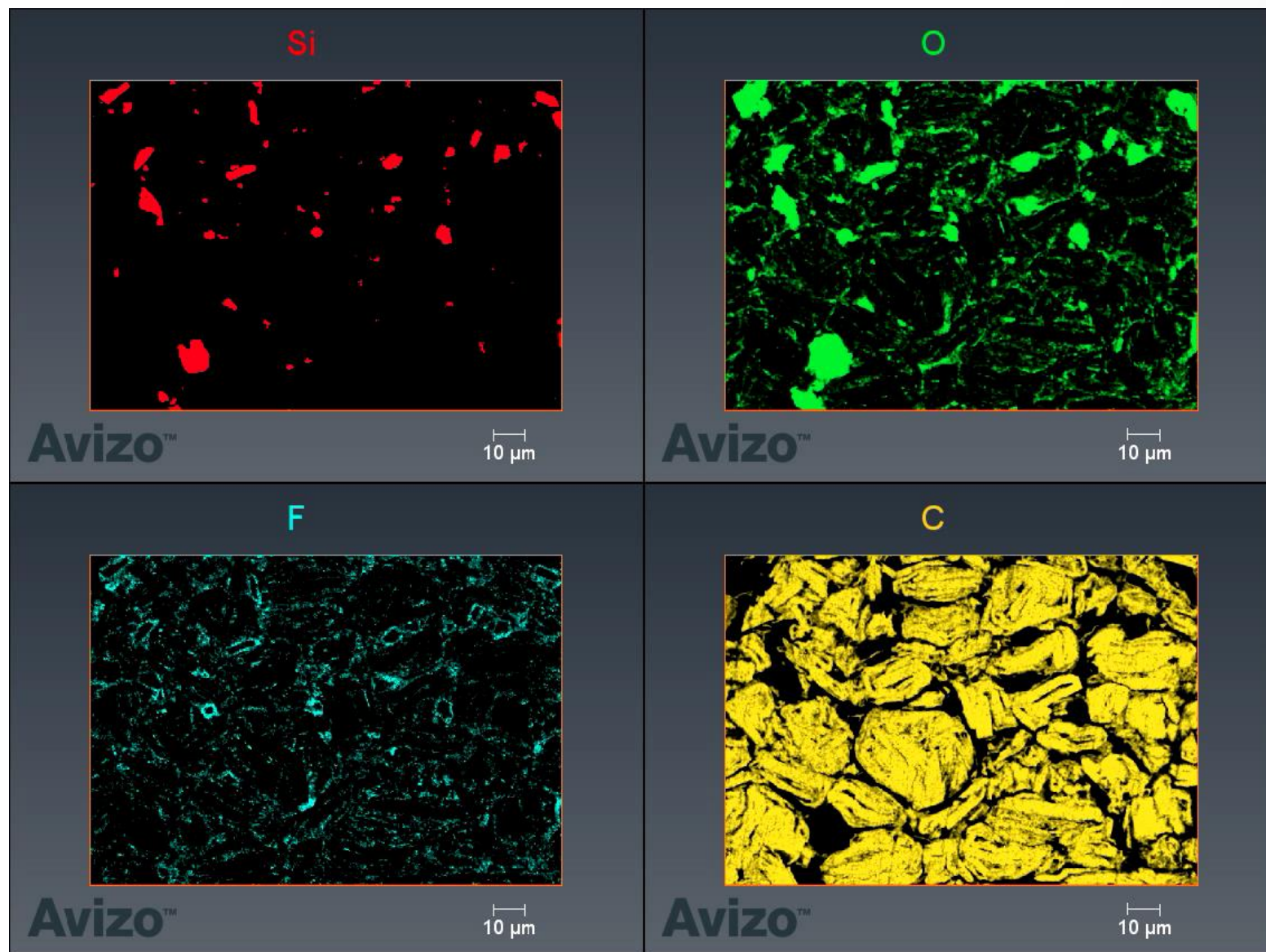
Laser-PFIB: graphite anode



500 μm



3D EDS Analysis of a Si-C Anode

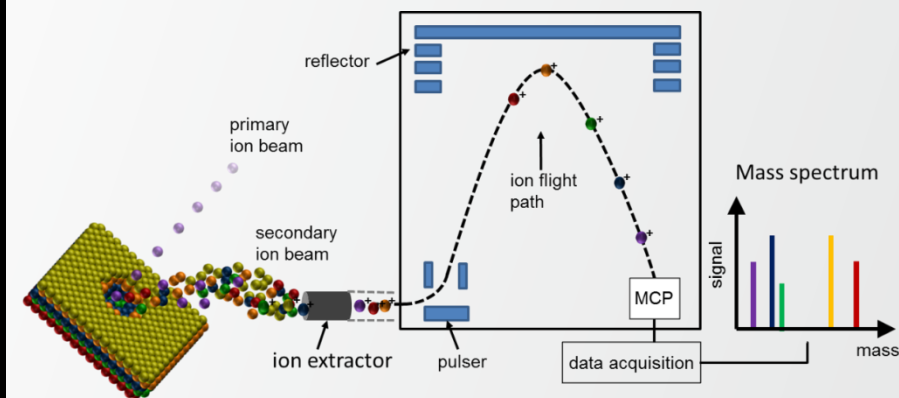
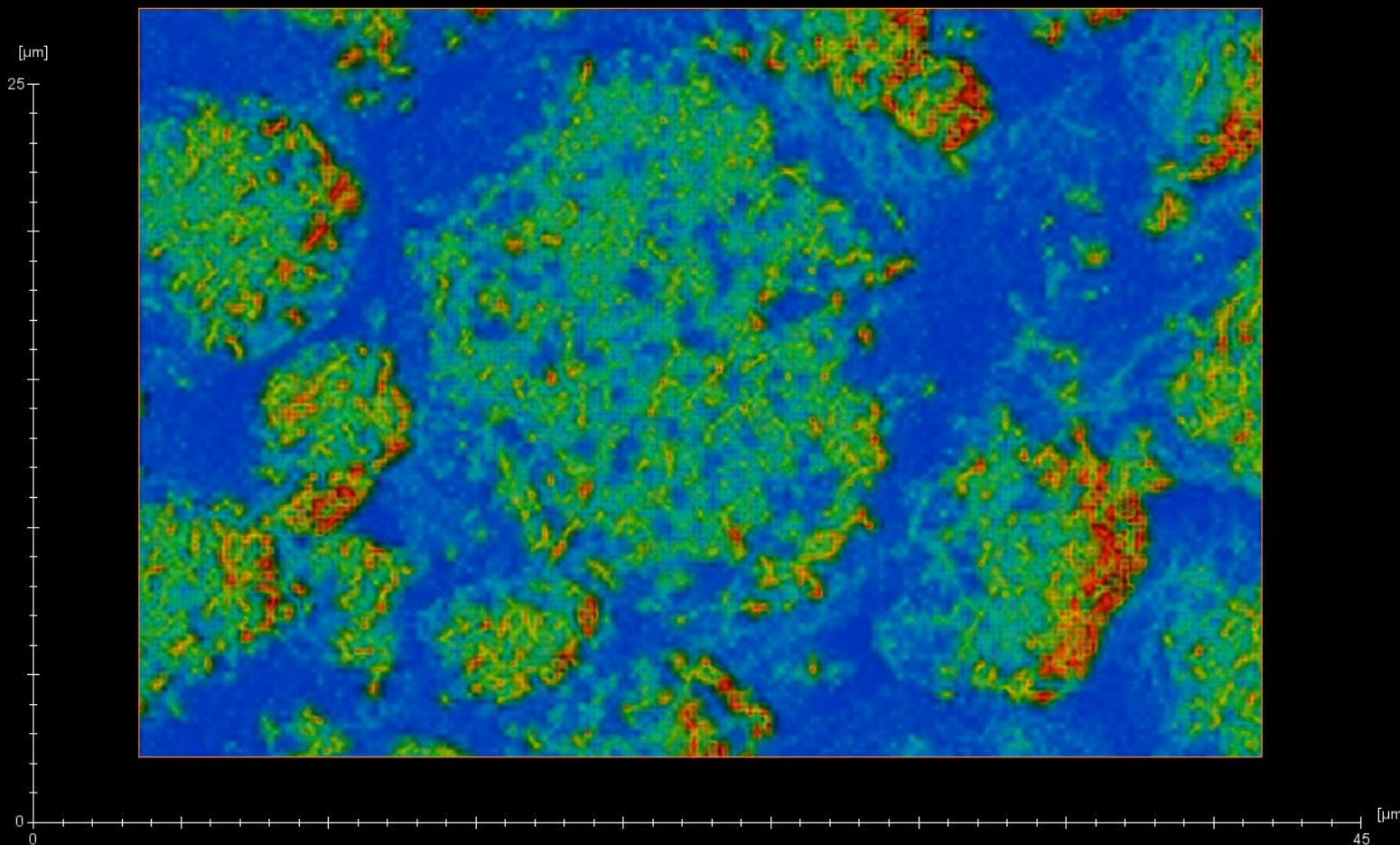


- **High-res 3D EDS on SiO/C anode at low kV to enable 4-phase identification in 3D volume**
 - Not achievable via SE/BSE imaging due to low contrast among phases
- **Identification of each phase provides critical information to understand structure-performance correlation in the battery**
 - Phase distribution
 - CMC coating on SiO
 - Carbon/SiO ratio optimization



TOF-SIMS Analysis of $^7\text{Li}^+$ Distribution in 3D

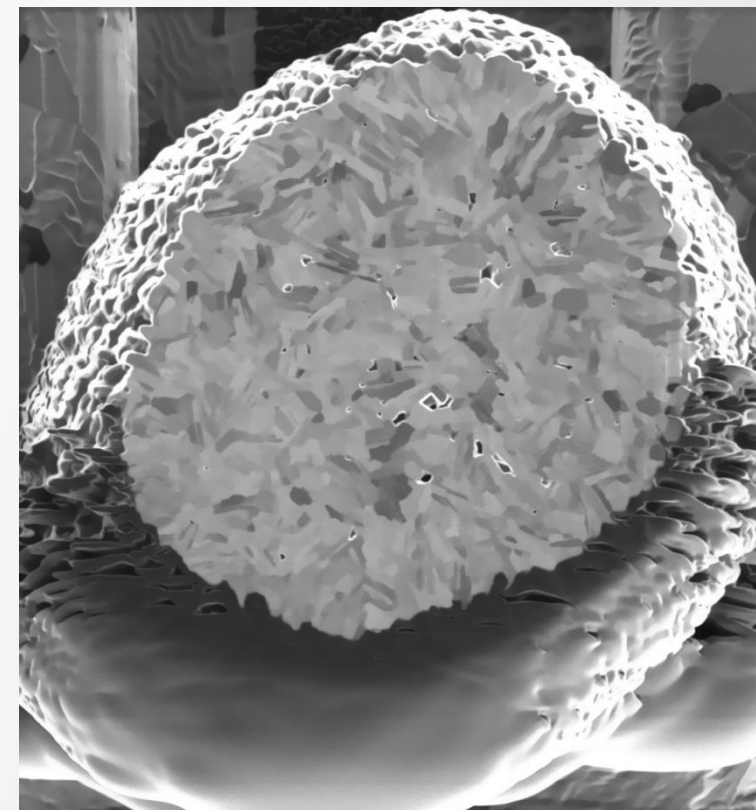
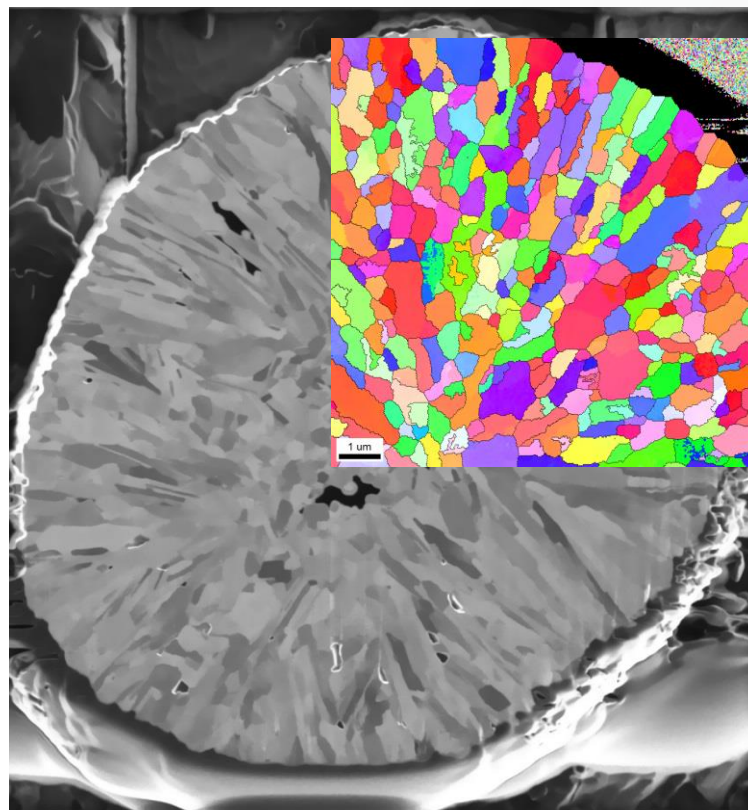
TOF SIMS/Helios: Lithium distribution in a lithium-ion battery cathode



- **TOF-SIMS in DualBeam enables the measurement of 3D distribution of the lithium ions within the electrode**
 - Effective in mechanism study, e.g. Li distribution change at different cycling stage



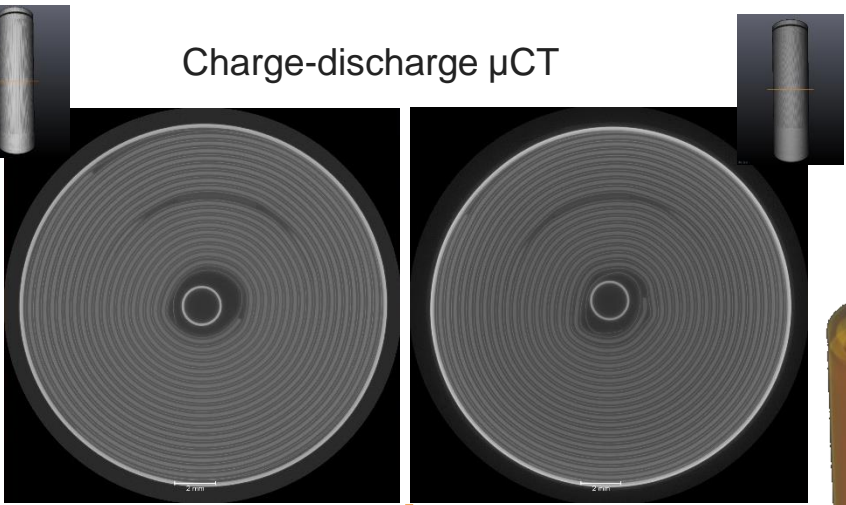
3D Analysis Approach of a Single Particle



- Imaging was done at different “depths” in the particle to see how the structure changes from outside to inside of the particle
- EBSD analysis for primary particle grain orientation

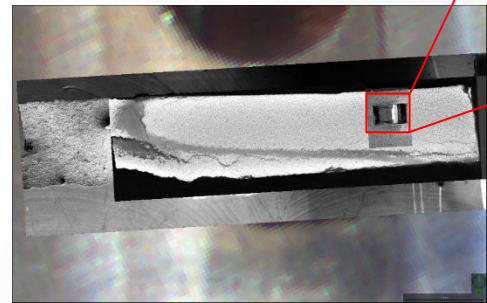
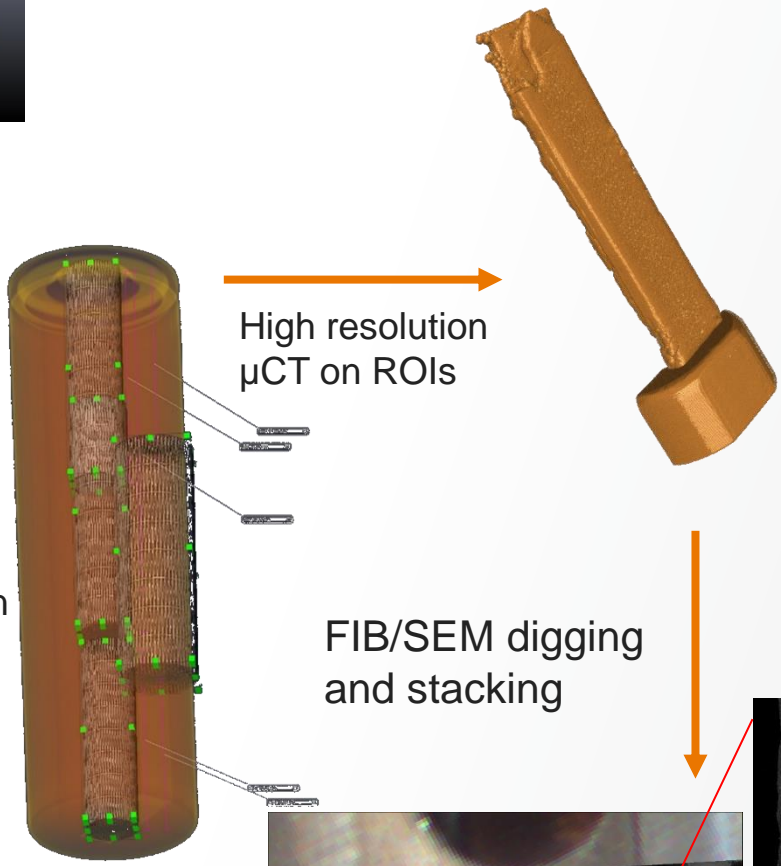
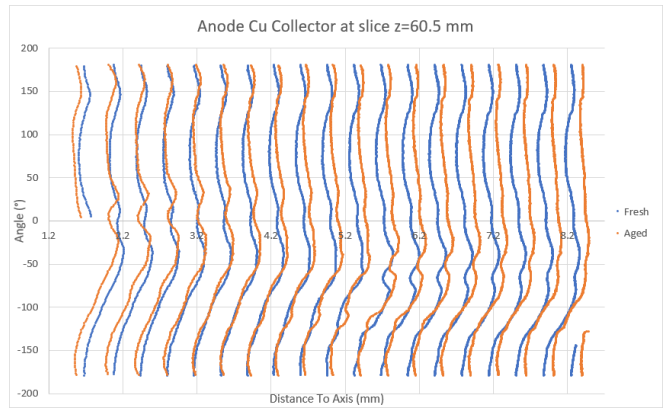


Correlative Multiscale Imaging across Tools

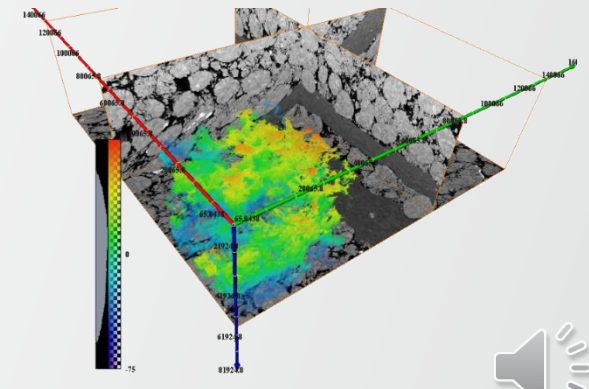
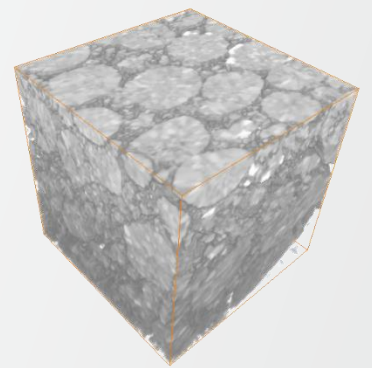
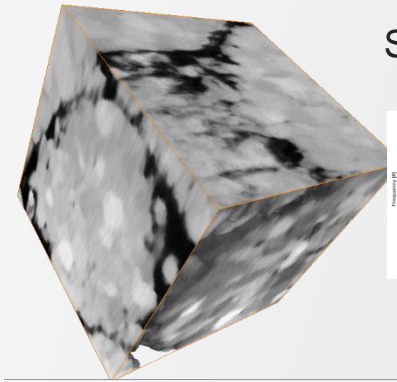


Digital volume correlation & structural quantification

Damage-based region of interest selection



Structural Quantification



Summary

- 3D imaging techniques provides an approach to in-depth understand battery structure-performance correlations
- Heliscan microCT allows for quantitatively study of the battery structure evolution at the cell levels
- DualBeam techniques enables 3D characterization of representative electrode volume and particle analysis for both morphology quantification, chemical and crystallographic analysis
- Correlative imaging workflow enable analysis across multiple length scale in 3D





Thank You

Email: zhao.liu@thermofisher.com

[Thermofisher.com/battery-research](https://thermofisher.com/battery-research)